Revision: 3.0 Date: 27 April 2017

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MICROE

AVPG Brand

.1	Product identifier Product Name	M-Bond Curing Agent – Type 10
-		
.2	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
	Identified Use(s)	Adhesives.
	Uses Advised Against	For professional users only. Anything other than the above.
.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
	Company Identification	VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP UK LTD
		Stroudley Road
		Basingstoke Hampshire
		RG24 8FW
		United Kingdom
	Telephone	+44 (0) 1256 462131
	Fax	+44 (0) 1256 471441
	E-Mail (competent person)	mm.uk@vishaypg.com
1.4	Emergency telephone number	
	Emergency Phone No.	(00-1) 703-527-3887 CHEMTREC (24 hours)
	Languages spoken	All official European languages.
SECT	ION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION	
2.1	Classification of the substance or mixture	
2.1.1	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Acute Tox. 4; H312
		Skin Corr. 1; H314
		Skin Sens. 1; H317
		Eye Dam. 1; H318 Repr. 1; H360Df
		Lact; H362
		STOT RE 2; H372
		Aquatic Chronic 3; H412
2.2	Label elements	According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)
	Product Name	M-Bond Curing Agent – Type 10
	Contains:	Triethylenetetramine, 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol, 2-Piperazin-1-ylethylamine
		and 3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine.
	Hazard Pictogram(s)	$\wedge \wedge \wedge$
		\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark
	Signal Word(s)	DANGER
	Hazard Statement(s)	H312: Harmful in contact with skin.
		H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
		H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H360Df: May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
		H360DL May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.
		H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
		H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision: 3.0 Date: 27 April 2017



ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

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Precautionary Statement(s)	P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated
	clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
	P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for
	breathing.
	P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P310: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances Not applicable

3.2 Mixtures

EC Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Hazard Statement(s)
					Acute Tox. 4; H312
Triethylenetetramine	< 100	112-24-3	203-950-6	Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Skin Corr. 1B; H314
					Skin Sens. 1; H317
					Aquatic Chronic 3; H412
					Skin Corr. 1B; H314
2 (2 Aming athyloming) ath angl	< 1.6	111-41-1	202 867 5	Not yet assigned in	Skin Sens. 1; H317
2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol	< 1.0	111-41-1	203-867-5	the supply chain	STOT SE 3; H335 (SCL ≥ 5%) Repr. 1B; H360Df
					Lact.; H362
					Acute Tox. 4; H302
				Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3; H311
			205-411-0		Skin Corr. 1B; H314
	< 1.3				Eye Dam. 1; H318
2-Piperazin-1-ylethylamine		140-31-8			Skin Sens. 1; H317
					Repr. 2; H361
					STOT RE 1; H372
					Aquatic Chronic 3; H412
					Acute Tox. 4; H302
	< 1.1	112-57-2	203-986-2	Not yet assigned in the supply chain	Acute Tox. 4; H312
3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine					Skin Corr. 1B; H314
					Skin Sens. 1; H317
					Aquatic Chronic 2; H411
					Acute Tox. 4; H302
					Acute Tox. 4; H312
					Acute Tox. 2; H330
2,2'-Iminodiethylamine	< 0.6	111-40-0	203-865-4	Not yet assigned in	Skin Corr. 1B; H314
			200 000 1	the supply chain	Eye Dam. 1; H318
					Skin Sens. 1B; H317
					STOT SE 3, H335

For full text of H/P Statements see section 16.

Revision: 3.0 Date: 27 April 2017

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



4.1	Description of first aid measures	
	Self-protection of the first aider	Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid all contact. Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.
	Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.
	Skin Contact	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Continue irrigation until medical attention can be obtained. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
	Eye Contact	IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Continue irrigation until medical attention can be obtained. Treatment by an ophthalmologist due to possible caustic burn of the eyes may be required.
	Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Continue irrigation until medical attention can be obtained. Do NOT induce vomiting.
4.2	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
4.3	Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically
	Notes to a physician:	IF IN EYES: Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Chemical eye burns may require extended irrigation.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1	Extinguishing media	
	Suitable Extinguishing Media	Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or waterspray.
	Unsuitable extinguishing Media	Do not use water jet.
5.2	Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Not flammable. Reacts with metals liberating hydrogen. Reaction products may include hydrogen cyanide. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes.
		Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. May react with some metals including aluminum, magnesium, and zinc, resulting in evolution of phosphorus oxides.
5.3	Advice for fire-fighters	Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not breathe fumes. Keep containers cool by spraying
		with water if exposed to fire. Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Ensure adequate ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid all contact. Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.
6.2	Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Do not release undiluted and unneutralised to the sewer. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.
6.3	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Transfer to a container for disposal. Cautiously neutralize remainder. Then wash away with plenty of water. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete. Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste
6.4	Reference to other sections	See Section: 8, 13

Revision: 3.0 Date: 27 April 2017



ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Avoid all contact. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work.
7.2	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage temperature Storage life Incompatible materials	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. Keep away from heat, sources of ignition and direct sunlight. Ambient. 5 - 25°C Stable under normal conditions. Copper, Aluminium, or Brass
7.3	Specific end use(s)	Keep away from: Oxidizing agents and Acids. May be corrosive to metals. (Aluminium, Copper and Zinc).

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational Exposure Limits

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
2,2'-Iminodi(ethylamine)	111-40-0	1	4.3	-	-	WEL, Sk

Not established.

Not established.

place.

Source: WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40), Sk - Can be absorbed through skin.

- 8.1.2 Biological limit value
- 8.1.3 PNECs and DNELs
- 8.2 Exposure controls
- 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls
- 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection



Skin protection



Hand protection:

protection with side protection (EN166).

Wear impervious gloves (EN374). Protective index 6, corresponding > 480 minutes of permeation time according to EN 374. Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer. Neoprene or rubber gloves are recommended. Recommended: Polychloroprene - CR (Minimum thickness; 0.5mm), Nitrile rubber (Minimum thickness; 0.4mm)

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Ensure adequate ventilation. or Use appropriate containment. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. Guarantee that the eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Keep

good industrial hygiene. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work

Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes. Wear eye

clothes separately. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place.

Body protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat, apron or

Revision: 3.0 Date: 27 April 2017

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

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coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection

Thermal hazards

8.2.3

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Open system(s): Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. A suitable mask with filter type A (EN141 or EN405) may be appropriate.

Not applicable

Environmental Exposure Controls

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1	Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
	Appearance	Yellow Coloured liquid.
	Odour	Amine-like Odour
	Odour threshold	Not available.
	рН	Not established.
	Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
	Initial boiling point and boiling range	277°C
	Flash point	148°C [Closed cup]
	Evaporation rate	2.83 (BuAc = 1)
	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable - Liquid
	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 1 @ 185°C
		Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v): >6.4 @ 185°C
	Vapour pressure	<1 kPa at 20°C
	Vapour density	5 (Air = 1)
	Relative density	0.98 g/cm ³ (H2O = 1)
	Solubility(ies)	100% (Water)
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available.
	Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
	Decomposition Temperature	Not available.
	Viscosity	Not available.
	Explosive properties	Not explosive.
	Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
9.2	Other information	None.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 10.2	Reactivity Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions. Stable under normal conditions.
10.2	Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, sources of ignition and direct sunlight.
10.5	Incompatible materials	Keep away from: Oxidizing agents and Acids. May be corrosive to metals. (Aluminium, Copper and Zinc).
10.6	Hazardous decomposition product(s)	Decomposes in a fire giving off toxic fumes: Nitrogen oxides, Carbon monoxide and Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

2,2'-Iminodiethylamine:

Acute toxicity - Inhalation

11.1	Information on toxicological effects	All test data taken from existing ECHA registrations for the substances mentioned.
	Acute toxicity - Ingestion	Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
		Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 30000 mg/kg
		bw/day.
	(AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol:	LD50 (oral,rat) mg/kg: 2150 (OECD 401)
	2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine:	LD50 (oral,rat) mg/kg: 1680 (Gigiena i Sanitariya, 1986)
	3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine:	Harmonised Classification

LD50 (oral,rat) mg/kg: 1553 (Unnamed, 1977)

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Revision: 3.0 Date: 27 April 2017

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

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(AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol: 2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine: 3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine: 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine: Acute toxicity - Skin Contact

Triethylenetetramine: (AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol: 2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine: 3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine: 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine: Skin corrosion/irritation Triethylenetetramine: (AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol: 2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine: 3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine: 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine: Serious eye damage/irritation (AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol: 2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine: 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine: Respiratory or skin sensitization Triethylenetetramine: (AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol: 2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine: 3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine: 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine: Germ cell mutagenicity (AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol: 2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine: 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine:

Carcinogenicity 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine:

Reproductive toxicity

(AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol:

2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine: 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine:

STOT - single exposure (AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol: 3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine: **STOT - repeated exposure**

2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine:

Aspiration hazard

11.2 Other information

Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 >20.0 mg/l. LC0 (Inhalation, (rat)) mg/m3: 51.3 (OECD 403) No mortality observed (Unnamed, 1956) Harmonised Classification LC50 (Inhalation, (rat)) mg/m³: 70 (OECD 403) Acute Tox. 4: Harmful in contact with skin. Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 1085 mg/kg bw/day. LD50 (skin,rabbit) mg/kg: 805 (Journal of Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology) LD50 (skin,rat) mg/kg: >2000 (OECD 402) LD50 (skin,rabbit) mg/kg: 866 (Smyth, H.F. et al, 1962) Harmonised Classification LD50 (skin,rabbit) mg/kg: 1045 (Unnamed, 1948) Skin Corr. 1; Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Harmonised Classification Test Result: Corrosive to rabbit skin (OECD 404) Test Result: Corrosive (Unnamed, 1958) Harmonised Classification Test Result: Corrosive (Unnamed, 1957) Eye Dam. 1; Causes serious eye damage. Test Result: Corrosive to eyes. (OECD 405) Test Result: Causes serious eye damage. (Unnamed, 1958) Test Result: Causes serious eye damage. (Unnamed, 1970) Skin Sens. 1, May cause an allergic skin reaction. Sensitisation (guinea pig) - Positive (Magnusson B et al, 1970) Sensitisation (mouse) - Positive (OECD 429) Sensitisation (guinea pig) - Positive (OECD 406) Harmonised Classification Sensitisation (mouse) - Positive (OECD 429) Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Test Result: Negative (OECD 471) Test Result: Negative. (OECD 471) ECHA Registration Endpoint summary: Evidence from in vitro and in vivo studies indicate that not genotoxic and not classifiable under GHS. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. ECHA Registration Endpoint summary: Not carcinogenic via the dermal route and not classifiable under GHS. Repr. 1; May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility. Lact; May cause harm to breast-fed children. Test Result: NOAEL 250 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 421) Test Result: NOAEL 50 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 414) NOAEL 75 mg/kg bw/day (OECD 414) ECHA Registration Endpoint summary: Not proposed to be classified at this time so that the additional research can be considered. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmonised Classification Harmonised Classification STOT RE 2; Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. NOAEL (Oral) 2000 mg/l (OECD 422)

NOEC (Inhalation) 0.2 mg/m³ (OECD 413) Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Triethylenetetramine: 2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine:

Aquatic Chronic 3; Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Estimated Mixture LC50 > 10 to ≤ 100 mg/l (Fish) EC50 (Daphnia magna) 31.1 mg/l (48 hour) (Unnamed, 1989) EC50 (Daphnia magna) 58 mg/l (48 hour) (OECD 202)

Revision: 3.0 Date: 27 April 2017

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

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	3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine:	No data. Harmonised Classification
12.2	Persistence and degradability	Part of the components are poorly biodegradable.
	Triethylenetetramine:	Not readily biodegradable. (OECD 301 D)
	2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine:	ECHA Registration Endpoint summary: Little or no biodegradation has been observed (OECD 301 F)
	3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine:	No data. Harmonised Classification
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential	The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.
	Triethylenetetramine:	The substance has low potential for bioaccumulation.
	2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine:	The substance has low potential for bioaccumulation.
	3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine:	No data. Harmonised Classification
12.4	Mobility in soil	The product is predicted to have high mobility in soil. Soluble in water.
	Triethylenetetramine:	The substance is predicted to have high mobility in soil.
	2-Piperazine-1-ethylamine:	The substance is predicted to have low mobility in soil.
	3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine:	No data. Harmonised Classification
12.5	Results of PBT and VPVB assessment	Not classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6	Other adverse effects	None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

13.2 Additional Information

This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Send after pre-treatment to a appropriate hazardous waste incinerator facility according to legislation.

Dispose of contents in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

		ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ/ΙCΑΟ
14.1	UN number	UN 2259	UN 2259	UN 2259
14.2	UN proper shipping name	TRIETHYLENETHETRAMINE	TRIETHYLENETHETRAMINE	TRIETHYLENETHETRAMINE
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8
14.4	Packing group	II		
14.5	Environmental hazards	Not classified	Not classified as a Marine Pollutant.	Not classified
14.6	Special precautions for user	See Section: 2		
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex	Not applicable		
	II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code			

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1	Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
15.1.1	EU regulations	
	Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use	
	Annex XVII (Restrictions)	(AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol: Entry 30: Restriction on supply of substances and mixtures to the general public, if classified as Repr. 1A or 1B
15.1.2	National regulations	
	Germany	Water hazard class: 2
15.2	Chemical Safety Assessment	A chemical safety assessment is not required under REACH.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: New SDS Regulation 2015/830 format, all sections have been updated to include new information. Please review SDS with care.

References:

Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Harmonised Classification(s) for Triethylenetetramine (CAS No. 112-24-3), (AEEA) 2-(2-Aminoethylamino)ethanol (CAS No. 111-41-1), 2-Piperazin-1ylethylamine (CAS No. 140-31-8), 3,6,9-Triazaundecamethylenediamine (CAS No. 112-57-2), 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine (CAS No. 111-40-0) and Existing ECHA registration(s) for 2-Piperazin-1-ylethylamine (CAS No. 140-31-8), 2,2'-Iminodiethylamine (CAS No. 111-40-0).

Revision: 3.0 Date: 27 April 2017



ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830

Literature References:

- 1. Gigiena i Sanitariya., (V/O Mezhdunarodnaya Kniga, 113095 Moscow, USSR) V.1- 1936- 51(10),66,1986
- Journal of Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology. (Cambridge, MA) V.18-31, 1936-49. For publisher information, see AEHLAU. 31,60,1949 2.
- 3. Smyth, H.F. et al, 1962, Am Ind Hyg Assoc J, vol 23 ; p. 95
- Magnusson B., Kligman A.M., cited in: Identification of contact Allergens, Ch.C. thomas Publisher, Springfield, Ill., 1970 4.

EU Classification: This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with EC Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2015/830.

Classification of the substance or mixture According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Classification Procedure
Acute Tox. 4; H312	Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) Calculation.
Skin Corr. 1; H314	Threshold Calculation
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Threshold Calculation
Eye Dam. 1; H318	Threshold Calculation
Repr. 1; H360Df	Threshold Calculation
Lact; H362	Threshold Calculation
STOT RE 2; H372	Threshold Calculation
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Summation Calculation

LEGEND

LTEL: Long Term Exposure Limit DNEL: Derived No Effect Level PBT: PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic SCL: Specific Concentration Limit NOEC: no observed effect concentration

Hazard classification / Classification code:

Acute Tox. 4, Acute toxicity, Category 4 Acute Tox. 3; Acute toxicity, Category 3 Acute Tox. 4; Acute toxicity, Category 4 Skin Corr. 1; Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1 Skin Corr. 1B; Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B Skin Sens. 1; Skin Sensitisation, Category 1 Skin Sens. 1B; Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B Eye Dam. 1; Eye damage, category 1 Acute Tox. 1; Acute toxicity, Category 1 STOT SE 3; Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3 Repr. 1B; Reproductive toxicity, Category 1B Repr. 2; Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Lact; Reproductive toxicity, Additional category, Effects on or via lactation STOT RE 1; Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category STOT RE 2; Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 2; Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3; Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Chronic, Category 3

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative NOAEL: no observed adverse effect level

Hazard Statement(s)

H302: Harmful if swallowed. H311: Toxic in contact with skin. H312: Harmful in contact with skin. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318: Causes serious eye damage. H330: Fatal if inhaled. H335: May cause respiratory irritation. H360Df: May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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