Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)



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Product identifier used on the label	Gagekote 11	
Other means of identification	Not applicable	
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions		
on use Recommended use	Motol ourface treatment products including	actuation and algorithm broduc
Restrictions on use	Metal surface treatment products, including Anything other than the above.	gaivanic and electroplating produc
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	VISHAY MEASUREMENTS GROUP, INC.	
Address of Supplier	Post Office Box 27777	
	Raleigh,	
	NC 27611	
Talanhana	USA	
Telephone Fax	+1 919-365-3800 +1 919-365-3945	
E-Mail (competent person)	mm.us@vishaypg.com	
Emergency telephone number	1-800-424-9300 CF	IEMTREC (24 hours)
ON 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION		
Classification of the substance or mixture in		
accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200		
Physical hazards	Flammable Liquid, Category 2	
Health hazards	Aspiration Toxicity, Category 1	
	Skin Irritation, Category 2 Eye Irritation, Category 2	
	Specific target organ toxicity — single expos	sure Category 3
	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated ex	
	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	
Environmental hazards	Chronic aquatic toxicity, category 3	
Hazard Symbol		$\wedge$
	< {%> < 35> <	
Signal Word(s)	DANGER	$\checkmark$
		$\checkmark$
Signal Word(s) Hazard Statement(s)	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.	<b>v</b>
		s.
	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway	<b>S</b> .
	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway Causes skin irritation.	
	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs (Narcotic effects Suspected of damaging fertility or the unbor	) (Inhalation). n child.
	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs (Narcotic effects Suspected of damaging fertility or the unbor Causes damage to organs (Central nervous	) (Inhalation). n child. system, Liver, Kidneys) through
	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs (Narcotic effects Suspected of damaging fertility or the unbor Causes damage to organs (Central nervous prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation	) (Inhalation). n child. s system, Liver, Kidneys) through ).
	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs (Narcotic effects Suspected of damaging fertility or the unbor Causes damage to organs (Central nervous	) (Inhalation). n child. s system, Liver, Kidneys) through ).
	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs (Narcotic effects Suspected of damaging fertility or the unbor Causes damage to organs (Central nervous prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation	) (Inhalation). n child. s system, Liver, Kidneys) through ). cts.
Hazard Statement(s)	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airway Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs (Narcotic effects Suspected of damaging fertility or the unbor Causes damage to organs (Central nervous prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effect	) (Inhalation). n child. s system, Liver, Kidneys) through ). cts.

Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015

#### ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)



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Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

Other hazards

None known.

Percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of 0% unknown acute toxicity:

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances Not applicable

Mixtures Substances in preparations / mixtures

Chemical identity of the substance	% <b>W</b> /W	CAS No.	EC No.	Hazard classification
Toluene	< 50	108-88-3	203-625-9	Flammable Liquid, Category 2 Aspiration Toxicity, Category 1 Skin Irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 Chronic aquatic toxicity, category 3
Propan-2-ol	< 10	67-63-0	200-661-7	Flammable Liquid, Category 2 Eye Irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
Stoddard solvent*	< 10	8052-41-3	232-489-3	Aspiration Toxicity, Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1
Xylene	< 10	1330-20-7	215-535-7	Flammable Liquid, Category 2 Aspiration Toxicity, Category 1 Acute toxicity, Category 4 Acute toxicity, Category 4 Skin Irritation, Category 2 Eye Irritation, Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3 Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2 Chronic aquatic toxicity, category 2
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	< 100	22464-99-9	245-018-1	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2

\*Mixture: %W/W Benzene < 0.0001%

Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)



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# SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



Description of first aid measures	
Self-protection of the first aider	Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse.
Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Apply artificial respiration if breathing has ceased or shows signs of failing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Skin Contact	IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash all affected areas with plenty of water. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye Contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if eye irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion	IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Drink two glasses of water. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	Coughing, Wheezing. May cause transient central nervous system (CNS) depression. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause redness and swelling. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically. If Gastric Lavage is performed: Endotracheal control and/or esophagoscopy is recommended.

#### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Extinguishing media	
Suitable Extinguishing Media	As appropriate for surrounding fire. small scale: Extinguish preferably with dry chemical, sand or carbon dioxide. large scale: Water spray, Water fog or dry powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing Media	Do not use water jet. Direct water jet may spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. May form explosive mixture with air particularly in enclosed spaces. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or watercourses. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes. Hazardous decomposition product(s): Aldehydes, Acids Phenolics, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. Dense smoke is emitted when burned without sufficient oxygen.
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear positive pressure air supplied respirator if required by safe entry procedures. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Danger of flashback. Do not breathe fumes. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Avoid release to the environment.

Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES		
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Caution - spillages may be slippery. Ensure adequate ventilation. Eliminate sources of ignition. Stop leak if safe to do so. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep upwind. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback.	
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Do not release undiluted and unneutralised to the sewer. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the Environment Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.	
Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Use non-sparking equipment when picking up flammable spill. Adsorb spillages onto sand, earth or any suitable adsorbent material. Transfer to a container for disposal. Ventilate the area and wash spill site after material pick-up is complete. Dispose of this material and its container as hazardous waste.	

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling	Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapour. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not use sparking tools. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in original container. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Vapor space above stored liquid may be flammable/explosive unless blanketed with inert gas. Keep away from direct sunlight. Opened containers should be carefully resealed and stored in an upright position.
Storage temperature Incompatible materials	Shelf Life: Minimum of 1 year @ +75°F / 24°C Keep away from: Acids, Alkalis and Strong oxidising agents.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr TWA ppm)	LTEL (8 hr TWA mg/m³)	STEL (ppm)	STEL (mg/m³)	Note
		100	375	150^	560^	NIOSH
Toluene	108-88-3	200	-	300	-	OSHA
		20	-	-	-	ACGIH, R
		400	980	500^	1225^	NIOSH
Propan-2-ol 67-63-0	67-63-0	400	980	-	-	OSHA
	200	-	400	-	ACGIH	
		-	350	-	1800 <sup>†</sup>	NIOSH*
Stoddard solvent 8052-41-3	500	-	2900	-	OSHA*	
	-	290	-	580	ACGIH	
		100	435	150^	655^	NIOSH
Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers	1330-20-7	100	435	-	-	OSHA
mixed isomers		100	-	150	-	ACGIH

Note: OSHA PELs 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1 / NIOSH RELs / ACGIH TLVs

\*NIOSH average value of 15 minutes. \*NIOSH ceiling limit value of 15 minutes. \*Based on white spirit, max 20% aromates. R: Substance has an adverse reproductive effect. The other components listed in Section 3 do not have occupational exposure limits.

**Biological Exposure Indices** 

Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)



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COF	RDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)	
	Appropriate engineering controls	Ensure adequate ventilation or use appropriate containment. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment, and intrinsically safe electrical systems. Have available eyewash bottle with clean water.
	Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)	Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled. The resistance of the protective clothing to chemicals should be ascertained with the respective supplier. General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not breathe vapour. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Keep work clothes separately. Contaminated clothing should be thoroughly cleaned. Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place.
	Eye/face protection	Wear protective eye glasses for protection against liquid splashes. Wear eye protection with side protection.
	Skin protection	<ul> <li>Hand protection: Wear impervious gloves. Gloves should be changed regularly to avoid permeation problems. Breakthrough time of the glove material: refer to the information provided by the gloves' producer.</li> <li>Body protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, lab coat,</li> </ul>
	Respiratory protection	apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Long Term Exposure: A self contained breathing apparatus may be appropriate.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Clear/cloudy Liquid
Odor	Aromatic.
Odor Threshold	Not available.
рН	Not established.
Melting Point/Freezing Point	Not established.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	110 - 140°C
Flash Point	10°C
Evaporation rate (Butyl acetate = 1)	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable - Liquid
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Flammable Limits (Lower) (%v/v): 1.2
	Flammable Limits (Upper) (%v/v): Not available.
Vapour pressure	22 mmHg @ 20°C
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	Solubility (Water): Negligible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition Temperature	535°C
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	Organic solvents: 30 - 50 (%)

Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015

ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	Stable under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition and flashback. May form explosive mixture with air particularly in enclosed spaces. May decompose in a fire giving off toxic fumes.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	Keep away from: Acids, Alkalis and Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition product(s)	Aldehydes, Acids Phenolics, Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide. Dense smoke is emitted when burned without sufficient oxygen.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects (Substances in	preparations / mixtures)
Acute toxicity - Ingestion	Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg
	bw/day.
Acute toxicity - Inhalation	Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 20.0 mg/l.
Acute toxicity - Skin Contact	Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Acute Toxicity Estimate Mixture Calculation: Estimated LC50 > 2000 mg/kg
	bw/day.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Toluene	Irritating to skin. (rabbit) (EU Method B.4)
Xylene	No data
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
Propan-2-ol	Irritating to eyes. (rabbit) (OECD 405)
Xylene	No data
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity	May damage the unborn child.
Toluene	NOAEC 600 ppm (Ono A et al, 1996)
Xylene	No data
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	NOAEL 300 mg/kg bw/day (Pennanen S et al, 1993)
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Toluene	Narcotic effects – Rats (OECD 403)
Propan-2-ol	Narcotic effects – Rats (OECD 403)
Xylene	No data
STOT - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Toluene	NOAEL 625 mg/kg bw/day (EU Method B.26)
Stoddard solvent	No data
Xylene	No data
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Toluene	Kinematic Viscosity 0.59 mm2/S
Stoddard solvent	Kinematic Viscosity: >= 0.9 - <= 1.6 mm²/s
Xylene	No data
Information on likely routes of exposure	
Inhalation	Possible – accidental exposure
Ingestion	Unlikely – accidental exposure
Skin Contact	Possible – accidental exposure
Eye Contact	Possible – accidental exposure





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Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015





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Early onset symptoms related to exposure	Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Delayed health effects from exposure	May damage the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Target organ(s): Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys.
Other information	
NTP Report on Carcinogens	No components of the mixture are listed
IARC Monographs	Toluene - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
	Propan-2-ol - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
	Xylene - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
OSHA Designated Carcinogen	No components of the mixture are listed

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	Aquatic Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
-	Estimated Mixture LC50 >10 <u>&lt;</u> 100 mg/l (Fish)
Toluene	Acute toxicity: LC50 (fish) mg/l 5.5 (96 hour) (Moles et al., 1981)
	Chronic Toxicity: NOEC (Fish) mg/l 1.4 (40 Day) (Moles et al., 1981)
Xylene	Acute toxicity: No data
	Chronic Toxicity: No data
Persistence and degradability	Part of the components are poorly biodegradable.
Bioaccumulative potential	The product has low potential for bioaccumulation.
Mobility in soil	The product is predicted to have low mobility in soil. The product is essentially
-	insoluble in water.
Other adverse effects	None known.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods

Do not release undiluted and unneutralised to the sewer. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose of wastes in an approved waste disposal facility. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residue.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Packing group	<b>US DOT</b> UN 1133 ADHESIVES 3 II	IMDG UN 1133 ADHESIVES 3 II	IATA UN 1133 ADHESIVES 3 II
Environmental hazards Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not classified as a Marine Pollutant. / Environmentally hazardous substance Not applicable	Not classified as a Marine Pollutant. / Environmentally hazardous substance	Not classified as a Marine Pollutant. / Environmentally hazardous substance
Special precautions for user	See Section: 2		

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

14016

Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015

## ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)



www.vishaypg.com

US Federal Regulations	
TSCA Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) Rule	Toluene – Subject to 25,000lb reporting threshold
	Propan-2-ol - Subject to 25,000lb reporting threshold
	Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate - Subject to 25,000lb reporting threshold
EPCRA/SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous	No components of the mixture are listed
Substances	
EPCRA Section 313 Toxics Release Inventory (TRI)	Toluene – De minimis limit: 1%
Program	Propan-2-ol - De minimis limit: 1%
	Xylene – De minimis limit: 1%
NIOSH Occupational Carcinogen List	No components of the mixture are listed
OSHA List of highly hazardous chemicals, toxics and reactives	No components of the mixture are listed
NTP Report on Carcinogens (RoC) List	No components of the mixture are listed
Poison Prevention Packaging Act	Toluene – Substance requiring special packaging: Solvents for paint or other similar surface-coating material
	Stoddard solvent - Substance requiring special packaging: Solvents for paint or other similar surface-coating material
	Xylene – Substance requiring special packaging: Solvents for paint or other similar surface-coating material
US State Regulations	Ĵ
California State, Proposition 65 List	Toluene – Safe harbour level – MADL: 7,000 ug/day
California State, Safer Consumer Products Regulations	Toluene – Initial Candidate Chemicals List
	Propan-2-ol - Candidate Chemicals List
	Stoddard solvent - Initial Candidate Chemicals List
	Xylene – Initial Candidate Chemicals List
Maine State, Toxic Chemicals in Children's Products Act	Toluene – COC List and CHC List.
New Jersey State Worker and Community RTK Act	Toluene – RTKHSK and SHHSL.
	Propan-2-ol – RTKHSK and SHHSL.
	Stoddard solvent – RTKHSK.
	Xylene – RTKHSK and SHHSL.
Pennsylvania State, Worker and Community RTK Act	Toluene – Hazardous Substance List and Environmental Hazard List
	Propan-2-ol - Hazardous Substance List and Environmental Hazard List
	Stoddard solvent - Hazardous Substance List
	Xylene – Hazardous Substance List and Environmental Hazard List
Rhode Island State, Hazardous Substances RTK Act	Toluene – Hazardous Substance List
	Propan-2-ol - Hazardous Substance List
	Stoddard solvent - Hazardous Substance List
	Xylene – Hazardous Substance List
Non-Regional	
IARC Monographs, List of Classifications	Toluene - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
	Propan-2-ol - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
	Xylene - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 14

Version	3.1
Revision date	06 April 2021
Date of First Version	08 September 2015

#### **References:**

Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

EU Data: Existing ECHA registration(s) for Toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3), Propan-2-ol (CAS No. 67-63-0), Xylene (CAS No. 1330-20-7), Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate (CAS No. 22464-99-9) and Harmonised Classification(s) for Toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3), Propan-2-ol (CAS No. 67-63-0), Stoddard solvent (CAS No. 8052-41-3), Xylene (CAS No. 1330-20-7).

#### Literature References:

Version: 3.1 Date of Issue: TBC Revision date: 06 April 2021 Date of First Issue: 08 September 2015

#### ACCORDING TO OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Ono A, Sekita K, Ogawa Y, Hirose A, Suzuki S, Saito M, Naito K, Kaneko T, Furuya T, Kawashima K, Yasuhara K, Matsumoto K, Tanaka S, Inoue T and Kurokawa Y, 1996, Reproductive and developmental toxicity studies of toluene II. Effects of inhalation exposure on fertility in rats, Journal of Environmental Pathology Toxicology and Oncology 15, 9-20
- 2. Pennanen, S. et al. 1993. Effects of 2-Ethylhexanoic acid on reproduction and postnatal development in Wistar rats. Fundamental and Applied Toxicology 21, 204-212.
- 3. Moles A, Bates S, Rice SD, Korn S. 1981. Reduced growth of Coho salmon fry exposed to two petroleum components, Toluene and naphthalene in fresh water. Transactions A. Fish. Soc. 110, 430-436.

GHS Classification of the substance or mixture	Classification Procedure
Flammable Liquid, Category 2	Flash Point [Closed cup]/ Boiling Point (°C)
Aspiration Toxicity, Category 1	Concentration of substance in product / Expert Judgement
	in the absence of test data
Skin Irritation, Category 2	Threshold Calculation
Eye Irritation, Category 2	Threshold Calculation
Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3	Threshold Calculation
Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1	Threshold Calculation
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	Threshold Calculation
Chronic aquatic toxicity, category 3	Summation Calculation

#### LEGEND

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists **REL:** Recommended exposure limit BEI: Biological Exposure Indices (ACGIH) SCL: Specific Concentration Limit STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health TLV: Threshold Limit value NTP: National Toxicology Program TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act OSHA: The Occupational Safety & Health Administration TWA: Time Weighted Average PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic URT: Upper respiratory tract PEL: Permissible exposure limit vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Training advice: Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

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14016

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