

## M-Bond 450 Part B

### Vishay Measurements Group GmbH

Version No: 6.0

Safety Data Sheet according to JIS Z 7253 : 2019

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S.GHS.JPN.EN

#### SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

##### Product Identifier

|                               |                                       |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Product name                  | M-Bond 450 Part B                     |
| Chemical Name                 | Not Applicable                        |
| Synonyms                      | Not Available                         |
| Proper shipping name          | ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid |
| Chemical formula              | Not Applicable                        |
| Other means of identification | UFI: UFI: Mixture                     |

##### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

|                          |           |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Relevant identified uses | Adhesive. |
|--------------------------|-----------|

##### Details of the manufacturer or importer of the safety data sheet

|                         |                                                            |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Registered company name | Vishay Measurements Group GmbH                             |
| Address                 | Tatschenweg 1 Heilbronn 74078 Germany                      |
| Telephone               | +49 (0) 7131 39099-0                                       |
| Fax                     | +49 (0) 7131 39099-229                                     |
| Website                 | <a href="http://www.VPGSensors.com">www.VPGSensors.com</a> |
| Email                   | mm.de@vpgsensors.com                                       |

##### Emergency telephone number

|                                     |                                 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Association / Organisation          | Chemtrec (24/7/365)             |
| Emergency telephone number(s)       | (00-1) 703-527-3887 (Worldwide) |
| Other emergency telephone number(s) | Not Available                   |

#### SECTION 2 Hazards identification

##### Classification of the substance or mixture

|                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Classification [1] | Flammable Liquids Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A, Acute Toxicity (Inhalation) Category 4, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure (Narcotic Effects) Category 3, Reproductive Toxicity Category 1B, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Category 1, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 1, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Acute Hazard Category 3, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 3 |
| Legend:            | 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from Japanese NITE GHS Classifications                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |

##### Label elements

|                     |                                                                                     |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hazard pictogram(s) |  |
| Signal word         | Danger                                                                              |

##### Hazard statement(s)

|      |                                                                 |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour.                             |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation.                                  |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.                                             |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                              |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child.                       |
| H370 | Causes damage to organs.                                        |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.              |

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

|      |                                                                                                |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| P201 | Obtain special instructions before use.                                                        |
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P233 | Keep container tightly closed.                                                                 |
| P260 | Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.                                                             |
| P271 | Use only a well-ventilated area.                                                               |
| P240 | Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.                                             |
| P241 | Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment.              |
| P242 | Use non-sparking tools.                                                                        |
| P243 | Take action to prevent static discharges.                                                      |
| P270 | Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.                                            |
| P202 | Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.                      |
| P264 | Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.                                |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.               |

Precautionary statement(s) Response

|                |                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| P370+P378      | In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam to extinguish.                                                |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P312           | Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician/first aider/if you feel unwell.                                                            |
| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].                         |
| P304+P340      | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.                                                       |

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

|           |                                                                  |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| P403+P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

|      |                                                                                                                                  |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation. |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

No further product hazard information.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

| CAS No    | %[weight] | Name                                                               | Class Reference No. in the Gazette List |                       | Nanoform Particle Characteristics |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|
|           |           |                                                                    | CSCL                                    | ISHL                  |                                   |
| 110-80-5  | 50-55     | ethylene glycol monoethyl ether                                    | 2-411, 2-2424, 7-97                     | 2-(8)-44 ( 2-(8)-42 ) | Not Available                     |
| 78-93-3   | 25-30     | methyl ethyl ketone                                                | 2-542                                   | Published             | Not Available                     |
| 80-08-0   | 15-20     | dapsone                                                            | 3-2163                                  | Published             | Not Available                     |
| 1330-20-7 | 1-10      | xylene                                                             | 3-3, 3-60                               | Published             | Not Available                     |
| 75-23-0   | <=0.5     | boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex                              | 2-2118                                  | Published             | Not Available                     |
| Legend:   |           | [e] Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties |                                         |                       |                                   |

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

|             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Eye Contact | <p>If this product comes in contact with the eyes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▶ Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water.</li><li>▶ Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li><li>▶ Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.</li><li>▶ Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.</li><li>▶ Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li></ul> |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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|                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Skin Contact</b> | <p>If skin contact occurs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.</li> <li>▶ Flush skin and hair with running water.</li> <li>▶ Seek medical attention in event of irritation.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Inhalation</b>   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>▶ Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</li> <li>▶ Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</li> <li>▶ Transport to hospital, or doctor, without delay.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Ingestion</b>    | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>▶ First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> <li>▶ If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus.</li> </ul>                                                               |

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Followed acute or short term repeated exposures to ethylene glycol monoalkyl ethers and their acetates:

- ▶ Hepatic metabolism produces ethylene glycol as a metabolite.
- ▶ Clinical presentation, following severe intoxication, resembles that of ethylene glycol exposures.
- ▶ Monitoring the urinary excretion of the alkoxyacetic acid metabolites may be a useful indication of exposure.

[Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. Mechanical means should be used if it is considered necessary to evacuate the stomach contents; these include gastric lavage after endotracheal intubation. If spontaneous vomiting has occurred after ingestion, the patient should be monitored for difficult breathing, as adverse effects of aspiration into the lungs may be delayed up to 48 hours.

For acute or short term repeated exposures to ethylene glycol:

- ▶ Early treatment of ingestion is important. Ensure emesis is satisfactory.
- ▶ Test and correct for metabolic acidosis and hypocalcaemia.
- ▶ Apply sustained diuresis when possible with hypertonic mannitol.
- ▶ Evaluate renal status and begin haemodialysis if indicated. [I.L.O.]
- ▶ Rapid absorption is an indication that emesis or lavage is effective only in the first few hours. Cathartics and charcoal are generally not effective.
- ▶ Correct acidosis, fluid/electrolyte balance and respiratory depression in the usual manner. Systemic acidosis (below 7.2) can be treated with intravenous sodium bicarbonate solution.
- ▶ Ethanol therapy prolongs the half-life of ethylene glycol and reduces the formation of toxic metabolites.
- ▶ Pyridoxine and thiamine are cofactors for ethylene glycol metabolism and should be given (50 to 100 mg respectively) intramuscularly, four times per day for 2 days.
- ▶ Magnesium is also a cofactor and should be replenished. The status of 4-methylpyrazole, in the treatment regime, is still uncertain. For clearance of the material and its metabolites, haemodialysis is much superior to peritoneal dialysis.

[Ellenhorn and Barceloux: Medical Toxicology]

It has been suggested that there is a need for establishing a new biological exposure limit before a workshift that is clearly below 100 mmol ethoxy-acetic acids per mole creatinine in morning urine of people occupationally exposed to ethylene glycol ethers. This arises from the finding that an increase in urinary stones may be associated with such exposures.

Laitinen J., et al: Occupational & Environmental Medicine 1996; 53, 595-600  
for simple ketones:

**BASIC TREATMENT**

- ▶ Establish a patent airway with suction where necessary.
- ▶ Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilation as necessary.
- ▶ Administer oxygen by non-rebreather mask at 10 to 15 l/min.
- ▶ Monitor and treat, where necessary, for pulmonary oedema.
- ▶ Monitor and treat, where necessary, for shock.
- ▶ **DO NOT use emetics.** Where ingestion is suspected rinse mouth and give up to 200 ml water (5mL/kg recommended) for dilution where patient is able to swallow, has a strong gag reflex and does not drool.
- ▶ Give activated charcoal.

**ADVANCED TREATMENT**

- ▶ Consider orotracheal or nasotracheal intubation for airway control in unconscious patient or where respiratory arrest has occurred.
- ▶ Consider intubation at first sign of upper airway obstruction resulting from oedema.
- ▶ Positive-pressure ventilation using a bag-valve mask might be of use.
- ▶ Monitor and treat, where necessary, for arrhythmias.
- ▶ Start an IV D5W TKO. If signs of hypovolaemia are present use lactated Ringers solution. Fluid overload might create complications.
- ▶ Drug therapy should be considered for pulmonary oedema.
- ▶ Hypotension with signs of hypovolaemia requires the cautious administration of fluids. Fluid overload might create complications.
- ▶ Treat seizures with diazepam.
- ▶ Proparacaine hydrochloride should be used to assist eye irrigation.

**EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT**

- ▶ Laboratory analysis of complete blood count, serum electrolytes, BUN, creatinine, glucose, urinalysis, baseline for serum aminotransferases (ALT and AST), calcium, phosphorus and magnesium, may assist in establishing a treatment regime. Other useful analyses include anion and osmolar gaps, arterial blood gases (ABGs), chest radiographs and electrocardiograph.
- ▶ Positive end-expiratory pressure (PEEP)-assisted ventilation may be required for acute parenchymal injury or adult respiratory distress syndrome.
- ▶ Consult a toxicologist as necessary.

BRONSTEIN, A.C. and CURRANCE, P.L.

EMERGENCY CARE FOR HAZARDOUS MATERIALS EXPOSURE: 2nd Ed. 1994

The material may induce methaemoglobinaemia following exposure.

- ▶ Initial attention should be directed at oxygen delivery and assisted ventilation if necessary. Hyperbaric oxygen has not demonstrated substantial benefits.
- ▶ Hypotension should respond to Trendelenburg's position and intravenous fluids; otherwise dopamine may be needed.
- ▶ Symptomatic patients with methaemoglobin levels over 30% should receive methylene blue. (Cyanosis, alone, is not an indication for treatment). The usual dose is 1-2 mg/kg of a 1% solution (10 mg/ml) IV over 50 minutes; repeat, using the same dose, if symptoms of hypoxia fail to subside within 1 hour.
- ▶ Thorough cleansing of the entire contaminated area of the body, including the scalp and nails, is of utmost importance.

**BIOLOGICAL EXPOSURE INDEX - BEI**

These represent the determinants observed in specimens collected from a healthy worker exposed at the Exposure Standard (ES or TLV):

| Determinant                | Index               | Sampling Time          | Comment   |
|----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Methaemoglobin in blood | 1.5% of haemoglobin | During or end of shift | B, NS, SQ |

B: Background levels occur in specimens collected from subjects **NOT** exposed

NS: Non-specific determinant; also observed after exposure to other materials

SQ: Semi-quantitative determinant - Interpretation may be ambiguous; should be used as a screening test or confirmatory test.

**SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

Extinguishing media

- ▶ Alcohol stable foam.
- ▶ Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- ▶ Carbon dioxide.
- ▶ Water spray or fog - Large fires only.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

|                      |                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fire Incompatibility | ▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Advice for firefighters

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Fire Fighting         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li><li>▶ May be violently or explosively reactive.</li><li>▶ Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.</li><li>▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li><li>▶ Consider evacuation (or protect in place).</li><li>▶ Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.</li><li>▶ If safe, switch off electrical equipment until vapour fire hazard removed.</li><li>▶ Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li><li>▶ Avoid spraying water onto liquid pools.</li><li>▶ <b>DO NOT</b> approach containers suspected to be hot.</li><li>▶ Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li><li>▶ If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li></ul>                                                                                                  |
| Fire/Explosion Hazard | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▶ Liquid and vapour are highly flammable.</li><li>▶ Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat, flame and/or oxidisers.</li><li>▶ Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition.</li><li>▶ Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li><li>▶ On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).</li></ul> <p>Combustion products include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>,</li><li>▶ carbon dioxide (CO2)</li><li>,</li><li>nitrogen oxides (NOx)</li><li>,</li><li>sulfur oxides (SOx)</li><li>,</li><li>hydrogen fluoride</li><li>,</li><li>▶ other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li></ul> <p><b>Contains low boiling substance:</b> Closed containers may rupture due to pressure buildup under fire conditions.</p> <p><b>WARNING:</b> Long standing in contact with air and light may result in the formation of potentially explosive peroxides.</p> |

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

|              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Minor Spills | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▶ Remove all ignition sources.</li><li>▶ Clean up all spills immediately.</li><li>▶ Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.</li><li>▶ Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.</li><li>▶ Contain and absorb small quantities with vermiculite or other absorbent material.</li><li>▶ Wipe up.</li><li>▶ Collect residues in a flammable waste container.</li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Major Spills | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▶ Clear area of personnel and move upwind.</li><li>▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li><li>▶ May be violently or explosively reactive.</li><li>▶ Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.</li><li>▶ Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.</li><li>▶ Consider evacuation (or protect in place).</li><li>▶ No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources.</li><li>▶ Increase ventilation.</li><li>▶ Stop leak if safe to do so.</li><li>▶ Water spray or fog may be used to disperse / absorb vapour.</li><li>▶ Contain spill with sand, earth or vermiculite.</li><li>▶ Use only spark-free shovels and explosion proof equipment.</li><li>▶ Collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling.</li><li>▶ Absorb remaining product with sand, earth or vermiculite.</li><li>▶ Collect solid residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.</li><li>▶ Wash area and prevent runoff into drains.</li><li>▶ If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.</li></ul> |

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Safe handling | Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Use personal protective equipment as required. See Section: 8. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other |
|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not use sparking tools. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

|                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Suitable container</b>      | Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated (dry) place away from heat and ignition sources. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from direct sunlight. Do not reuse empty containers. |
| <b>Storage incompatibility</b> | Incompatible materials Keep away from: Strong oxidising agents, Strong acids and alkali.                                                                                                                                                                        |

## SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

## Control parameters

## Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

## INGREDIENT DATA

| Source                                                  | Ingredient                      | Material name                                                                                 | TWA                               | STEL          | Peak          | Notes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Japan Working Environment Evaluation Standards          | ethylene glycol monoethyl ether | Ethylenglycol monoethyl ether (otherwise known as cellosolve)                                 | 5 ppm                             | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Japan Occupational Exposure Limits                      | ethylene glycol monoethyl ether | Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether                                                               | 5 ppm / 18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>      | Not Available | Not Available | Skin absorption: S; Repro: 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Japan Working Environment Evaluation Standards          | methyl ethyl ketone             | Methyl ethyl ketone                                                                           | 200 ppm                           | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Japan Occupational Exposure Limits                      | methyl ethyl ketone             | Methyl ethyl ketone                                                                           | Not Available                     | Not Available | Not Available | Skin absorption: S; Repro: 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Japan Occupational Exposure Limits - Provisional Values | methyl ethyl ketone             | Methyl ethyl ketone                                                                           | 75 ppm / 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Japan Working Environment Evaluation Standards          | dapsone                         | Mineral, metal or carbon dusts                                                                | E=3.0/(1.19Q+1) mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Not Available | Not Available | E ; administrative control level (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ), Q ; content of free silica (percent)                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Japan Occupational Exposure Limits                      | dapsone                         | Dusts                                                                                         | Not Available                     | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Japan Occupational Exposure Limits for Dusts            | dapsone                         | Mineral, inorganic, and organic dusts other than Classes 1 and 2 - Total dust                 | 8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>               | Not Available | Not Available | OEL for 'Mineral, inorganic, and organic dusts other than Classes 1 and 2' is a reference value assigned for dusts that are insoluble or poorly soluble in water to prevent from pneumoconiosis caused by inhaling large amount of those; thus, be aware that unknown toxicity may be developed even below this value |
| Japan Occupational Exposure Limits for Dusts            | dapsone                         | Mineral, inorganic, and organic dusts other than Classes 1 and 2 - Respirable dust            | 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>               | Not Available | Not Available | OEL for 'Mineral, inorganic, and organic dusts other than Classes 1 and 2' is a reference value assigned for dusts that are insoluble or poorly soluble in water to prevent from pneumoconiosis caused by inhaling large amount of those; thus, be aware that unknown toxicity may be developed even below this value |
| Japan Working Environment Evaluation Standards          | xylene                          | Xylene                                                                                        | 50 ppm                            | Not Available | Not Available | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| Japan Occupational Exposure Limits                      | xylene                          | Xylene (all isomers and their mixture): Xylene (ortho-, meta-, para-xylene and their mixture) | Not Available                     | Not Available | Not Available | Repro: 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Japan Occupational Exposure Limits                      | xylene                          | Xylene (all isomers and their mixture): Xylene for industrial use                             | 50 ppm / 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | Not Available | Not Available | Repro: 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

## Exposure controls

|                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Appropriate engineering controls</b> | <p>Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.</p> <p>The basic types of engineering controls are:</p> <p>Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.</p> <p>Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Ventilation can remove or dilute an air contaminant if designed properly. The design of a ventilation system must match the particular process and chemical or contaminant in use.</p> <p>Employers may need to use multiple types of controls to prevent employee overexposure.</p> |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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For flammable liquids and flammable gases, local exhaust ventilation or a process enclosure ventilation system may be required. Ventilation equipment should be explosion-resistant.

Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

| Type of Contaminant:                                                                                                                                                                                                | Air Speed:                      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| solvent, vapours, degreasing etc., evaporating from tank (in still air).                                                                                                                                            | 0.25-0.5 m/s<br>(50-100 f/min.) |
| aerosols, fumes from pouring operations, intermittent container filling, low speed conveyer transfers, welding, spray drift, plating acid fumes, pickling (released at low velocity into zone of active generation) | 0.5-1 m/s<br>(100-200 f/min.)   |
| direct spray, spray painting in shallow booths, drum filling, conveyer loading, crusher dusts, gas discharge (active generation into zone of rapid air motion)                                                      | 1-2.5 m/s<br>(200-500 f/min.)   |

Within each range the appropriate value depends on:

| Lower end of the range                                     | Upper end of the range           |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1: Room air currents minimal or favourable to capture      | 1: Disturbing room air currents  |
| 2: Contaminants of low toxicity or of nuisance value only. | 2: Contaminants of high toxicity |
| 3: Intermittent, low production.                           | 3: High production, heavy use    |
| 4: Large hood or large air mass in motion                  | 4: Small hood-local control only |

Simple theory shows that air velocity falls rapidly with distance away from the opening of a simple extraction pipe. Velocity generally decreases with the square of distance from the extraction point (in simple cases). Therefore the air speed at the extraction point should be adjusted, accordingly, after reference to distance from the contaminating source. The air velocity at the extraction fan, for example, should be a minimum of 1-2 m/s (200-400 f/min.) for extraction of solvents generated in a tank 2 meters distant from the extraction point. Other mechanical considerations, producing performance deficits within the extraction apparatus, make it essential that theoretical air velocities are multiplied by factors of 10 or more when extraction systems are installed or used.

- Adequate ventilation is typically taken to be that which limits the average concentration to no more than 25% of the LEL within the building, room or enclosure containing the dangerous substance.

- Ventilation for plant and machinery is normally considered adequate if it limits the average concentration of any dangerous substance that might potentially be present to no more than 25% of the LEL. However, an increase up to a maximum 50% LEL can be acceptable where additional safeguards are provided to prevent the formation of a hazardous explosive atmosphere. For example, gas detectors linked to emergency shutdown of the process might be used together with maintaining or increasing the exhaust ventilation on solvent evaporating ovens and gas turbine enclosures.

- Temporary exhaust ventilation systems may be provided for non-routine higher-risk activities, such as cleaning, repair or maintenance in tanks or other confined spaces or in an emergency after a release. The work procedures for such activities should be carefully considered. The atmosphere should be continuously monitored to ensure that ventilation is adequate and the area remains safe. Where workers will enter the space, the ventilation should ensure that the concentration of the dangerous substance does not exceed 10% of the LEL (irrespective of the provision of suitable breathing apparatus)

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



#### Eye and face protection

- ▶ Safety glasses with side shields.
- ▶ Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent]
- ▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59].

#### Skin protection

See Hand protection below

#### Hands/feet protection

- ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
  - ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber
- The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.
- The exact break through time for substances has to be obtained from the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed when making a final choice.
- Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.
- Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include:
- frequency and duration of contact,
  - chemical resistance of glove material,
  - glove thickness and
  - dexterity
- Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739, AS/NZS 2161.1 or national equivalent).
- When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.
  - When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374, AS/NZS 2161.10.1 or national equivalent) is recommended.
  - Some glove polymer types are less affected by movement and this should be taken into account when considering gloves for long-term use.
  - Contaminated gloves should be replaced.
- As defined in ASTM F-739-96 in any application, gloves are rated as:
- Excellent when breakthrough time > 480 min
  - Good when breakthrough time > 20 min
  - Fair when breakthrough time < 20 min
  - Poor when glove material degrades
- For general applications, gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm, are recommended.
- It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times.

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                  | <p>Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.</p> <p>Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>· Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.</li><li>· Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential</li></ul> <p>Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.</p>                                                                                                                         |
| Body protection  | See Other protection below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Other protection | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▶ Overalls.</li><li>▶ PVC Apron.</li><li>▶ PVC protective suit may be required if exposure severe.</li><li>▶ Eyewash unit.</li><li>▶ Ensure there is ready access to a safety shower.</li><li>▶ Some plastic personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g. gloves, aprons, overshoes) are not recommended as they may produce static electricity.</li><li>▶ For large scale or continuous use wear tight-weave non-static clothing (no metallic fasteners, cuffs or pockets).</li><li>▶ Non sparking safety or conductive footwear should be considered. Conductive footwear describes a boot or shoe with a sole made from a conductive compound chemically bound to the bottom components, for permanent control to electrically ground the foot an shall dissipate static electricity from the body to reduce the possibility of ignition of volatile compounds. Electrical resistance must range between 0 to 500,000 ohms. Conductive shoes should be stored in lockers close to the room in which they are worn. Personnel who have been issued conductive footwear should not wear them from their place of work to their homes and return.</li></ul> |

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:  
"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".  
The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the **computer-generated** selection:  
M-Bond 450 Part B

| Material          | CPI |
|-------------------|-----|
| PE/EVAL/PE        | A   |
| BUTYL             | C   |
| BUTYL/NEOPRENE    | C   |
| HYPALON           | C   |
| NAT+NEOPR+NITRILE | C   |
| NATURAL RUBBER    | C   |
| NATURAL+NEOPRENE  | C   |
| NEOPRENE          | C   |
| NEOPRENE/NATURAL  | C   |
| NITRILE           | C   |
| NITRILE+PVC       | C   |
| PVA               | C   |
| PVC               | C   |
| PVDC/PE/PVDC      | C   |
| SARANEX-23        | C   |
| TEFLON            | C   |
| VITON             | C   |
| VITON/NEOPRENE    | C   |

\* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index  
A: Best Selection  
B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion  
C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion  
**NOTE:** As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. -  
\* Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Ansell Glove Selection

|                                    |
|------------------------------------|
| Glove — In order of recommendation |
| AlphaTec® 15-554                   |
| AlphaTec® 38-612                   |
| AlphaTec® 53-001                   |
| AlphaTec® 58-005                   |
| MICROFLEX® MidKnight® XTRA 93-862  |
| BioClean™ Emerald BENS             |
| BioClean™ Extra BLAS               |
| BioClean™ Fusion (Sterile) S-BFAP  |
| BioClean™ N-Plus BNPS              |
| BioClean™ Ultimate BUPS            |

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.  
Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

| Required Minimum Protection Factor | Half-Face Respirator | Full-Face Respirator | Powered Air Respirator |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| up to 10 x ES                      | A-AUS                | -                    | A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1   |
| up to 50 x ES                      | -                    | A-AUS / Class 1      | -                      |
| up to 100 x ES                     | -                    | A-2                  | A-PAPR-2 ^             |

^ - Full-face  
A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

- ▶ Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- ▶ The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- ▶ Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

The suggested gloves for use should be confirmed with the glove supplier.

## SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|                                                       |                      |                                                            |                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <b>Appearance</b>                                     | Amber colored Liquid |                                                            |                          |
| <b>Physical state</b>                                 | Liquid               | <b>Relative density (Water = 1)</b>                        | 0.89                     |
| <b>Odour</b>                                          | Sweetish ketone      | <b>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water</b>             | Not applicable - mixture |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>                                | Not Available        | <b>Auto-ignition temperature (°C)</b>                      | Not Available            |
| <b>pH (as supplied)</b>                               | Not Available        | <b>Decomposition temperature (°C)</b>                      | Not Available            |
| <b>Melting point / freezing point (°C)</b>            | Not Available        | <b>Viscosity (cSt)</b>                                     | Not Available            |
| <b>Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)</b>   | Not Available        | <b>Molecular weight (g/mol)</b>                            | Not Available            |
| <b>Flash point (°C)</b>                               | Not Available        | <b>Taste</b>                                               | Not Available            |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>                               | Not Available        | <b>Explosive properties</b>                                | Not Available            |
| <b>Flammability</b>                                   | HIGHLY FLAMMABLE.    | <b>Oxidising properties</b>                                | Not Available            |
| <b>Upper Explosive Limit (%)</b>                      | Not Available        | <b>Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)</b>                    | Not Available            |
| <b>Lower Explosive Limit (%)</b>                      | Not Available        | <b>Volatile Component (%vol)</b>                           | Not Available            |
| <b>Vapour pressure (kPa)</b>                          | Not Available        | <b>Gas group</b>                                           | Not Available            |
| <b>Solubility in water</b>                            | Miscible             | <b>pH as a solution (1%)</b>                               | Not Available            |
| <b>Vapour density (Air = 1)</b>                       | Not Available        | <b>VOC g/L</b>                                             | 547 in total system      |
| <b>Heat of Combustion (kJ/g)</b>                      | Not Available        | <b>Ignition Distance (cm)</b>                              | Not Available            |
| <b>Flame Height (cm)</b>                              | Not Available        | <b>Flame Duration (s)</b>                                  | Not Available            |
| <b>Enclosed Space Ignition Time Equivalent (s/m3)</b> | Not Available        | <b>Enclosed Space Ignition Deflagration Density (g/m3)</b> | Not Available            |
| <b>Nanoform Solubility</b>                            | Not Available        | <b>Nanoform Particle Characteristics</b>                   | Not Available            |
| <b>Particle Size</b>                                  | Not Available        |                                                            |                          |

## SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

|                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Reactivity</b>                         | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Chemical stability</b>                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.</li> <li>▶ Product is considered stable.</li> <li>▶ Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>                | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>             | See section 7                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>   | See section 5                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## SECTION 11 Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

|                                             |                                                                                                              |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>a) Acute Toxicity</b>                    | There is sufficient evidence to classify this material as acutely toxic.                                     |
| <b>b) Skin Irritation/Corrosion</b>         | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                                            |
| <b>c) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation</b>     | There is sufficient evidence to classify this material as eye damaging or irritating                         |
| <b>d) Respiratory or Skin sensitisation</b> | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                                            |
| <b>e) Mutagenicity</b>                      | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                                            |
| <b>f) Carcinogenicity</b>                   | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                                            |
| <b>g) Reproductivity</b>                    | There is sufficient evidence to classify this material as toxic to reproductivity                            |
| <b>h) STOT - Single Exposure</b>            | There is sufficient evidence to classify this material as toxic to specific organs through single exposure   |
| <b>i) STOT - Repeated Exposure</b>          | There is sufficient evidence to classify this material as toxic to specific organs through repeated exposure |
| <b>j) Aspiration Hazard</b>                 | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.                                            |

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Inhaled</b> | <p>Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may produce toxic effects. The material is not thought to produce respiratory irritation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless inhalation of vapours, fumes or aerosols, especially for prolonged periods, may produce respiratory discomfort and occasionally, distress. Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by sleepiness, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of co-ordination, and vertigo.</p> <p>The severity of effects of boron trifluoride depend on concentration and duration of exposure. Inhalation causes irritation of the throat, coughing and laboured breathing. High concentrations can cause fatal lung disease.</p> |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|



## M-Bond 450 Part B

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                 | <p>Overexposure to ethylene glycol monoethyl ether by inhalation may result in headache, nausea and vomiting. Vapours have an objectionable odour at high concentrations.</p> <p>Acute exposure of humans to high concentrations of methyl ethyl ketone produces irritation to the eyes, nose and throat. Acute exposure by inhalation also causes nervous system depression, headache, and nausea. High vapour levels are easily detected due to odour, however odour fatigue may occur, with loss of warning of exposure.</p> <p>Headache, fatigue, tiredness, irritability and digestive disturbances (nausea, loss of appetite and bloating) are the most common symptoms of xylene overexposure. Injury to the heart, liver, kidneys and nervous system has also been noted amongst workers.</p> <p>Xylene is a central nervous system depressant</p> <p>Ketone vapours irritate the nose, throat and mucous membrane. High concentrations depress the central nervous system, causing headache, vertigo, poor concentration, sleep and failure of the heart and breathing.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                  |
| Ingestion                       | <p>The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects following ingestion (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, adverse systemic effects have been produced following exposure of animals by at least one other route and good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum.</p> <p>At sufficiently high doses the material may be hepatotoxic (i.e. poisonous to the liver). At sufficiently high doses the material may be nephrotoxic (i.e. poisonous to the kidney).</p> <p>The substance and/or its metabolites may bind to haemoglobin inhibiting normal uptake of oxygen. This condition, known as "methaemoglobinemia", is a form of oxygen starvation (anoxia).</p> <p>Symptoms include cyanosis (a bluish discolouration skin and mucous membranes) and breathing difficulties. Symptoms may not be evident until several hours after exposure.</p> <p>At about 15% concentration of blood methaemoglobin there is observable cyanosis of the lips, nose and earlobes. Symptoms may be absent although euphoria, flushed face and headache are commonly experienced. At 25-40%, cyanosis is marked but little disability occurs other than that produced on physical exertion. At 40-60%, symptoms include weakness, dizziness, lightheadedness, increasingly severe headache, ataxia, rapid shallow respiration, drowsiness, nausea, vomiting, confusion, lethargy and stupor. Above 60% symptoms include dyspnea, respiratory depression, tachycardia or bradycardia, and convulsions. Levels exceeding 70% may be fatal.</p> <p>Swallowing ethylene glycol monoethyl ether may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness and weakness. Swallowing more than a small amount may cause damage to the kidney, liver and the blood-forming system.</p> <p>Accidental ingestion of the material may be harmful; animal experiments indicate that ingestion of less than 150 gram may be fatal or may produce serious damage to the health of the individual.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                  |
| Skin Contact                    | <p>Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or drying following normal handling and use.</p> <p>In humans exposed to methyl ethyl ketone, skin inflammation has been reported. Animal testing has shown methyl ethyl ketone to have high acute toxicity from skin exposure.</p> <p>Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material</p> <p>Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.</p> <p>Skin contact with the material may be harmful; systemic effects may result following absorption.</p> <p>There is some evidence to suggest that the material may cause moderate inflammation of the skin either following direct contact or after a delay of some time. Repeated exposure can cause contact dermatitis which is characterised by redness, swelling and blistering.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                  |
| Eye                             | <p>Irritation of the eyes may produce a heavy secretion of tears (lachrymation).</p> <p>The vapour when concentrated has pronounced eye irritation effects and this gives some warning of high vapour concentrations. If eye irritation occurs seek to reduce exposure with available control measures, or evacuate area.</p> <p>The liquid may produce eye discomfort and is capable of causing temporary impairment of vision and/or transient eye inflammation, ulceration</p> <p>There is some evidence that material may produce eye irritation in some persons and produce eye damage 24 hours or more after instillation. Moderate inflammation may be expected with redness; conjunctivitis may occur with prolonged exposure.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                  |
| Chronic                         | <p>Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.</p> <p>This material can cause serious damage if one is exposed to it for long periods. It can be assumed that it contains a substance which can produce severe defects.</p> <p>Ample evidence exists from experimentation that reduced human fertility is directly caused by exposure to the material.</p> <p>Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with cracking, irritation and possible dermatitis following.</p> <p>Repeated exposure to hydroxylamine and derivatives may result in respiratory sensitisation with asthma-like symptoms.</p> <p>Animal testing shows that methyl ethyl ketone may have slight effects on the nervous system, liver, kidney and respiratory system; there may also be developmental effects and an increase in birth defects. However, there is limited information available on the long-term effects of methyl ethyl ketone in humans, and no information is available on whether it causes developmental or reproductive toxicity or cancer. It is generally considered to have low toxicity, but it is often used in combination with other solvents, and the toxic effects of the mixture may be greater than with either solvent alone. Combinations of n-hexane or methyl n-butyl ketone with methyl ethyl ketone may increase the rate of peripheral neuropathy, a progressive disorder of the nerves of the extremities. Combinations with chloroform also show increase in toxicity. Boron trifluoride fumes strongly in moist air or on skin contact to form corrosive acids which can affect the kidneys. The long term effects are unknown. Repeated overexposure may cause drying of nose linings, nosebleed, tooth discolouration, asthma and lung inflammation.</p> <p>There has been some concern that this material can cause cancer or mutations but there is not enough data to make an assessment.</p> <p>Repeated exposure to high concentrations of ethylene glycol monoethyl ether (over 400 parts per million) may injure the bone marrow and blood cells (causing tiredness and pallor), kidney (causing changes in urine appearance and output or fluid in the legs) and liver (causing loss of appetite, jaundice, and sometimes pain in the right upper abdomen). In laboratory inhalation studies, birth defects, increased foetal deaths and delayed foetal development have been observed in the offspring of female animals exposed during pregnancy. It may cause birth defects, toxicity to the foetus and damage to the testis.</p> <p>Women exposed to xylene in the first 3 months of pregnancy showed a slightly increased risk of miscarriage and birth defects. Evaluation of workers chronically exposed to xylene has demonstrated lack of genetic toxicity.</p> |                                                                  |
| M-Bond 450 Part B               | TOXICITY                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | IRRITATION                                                       |
|                                 | Not Available                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Not Available                                                    |
| ethylene glycol monoethyl ether | TOXICITY                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | IRRITATION                                                       |
|                                 | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 3300 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Eye (Human): 6000ppm                                             |
|                                 | Inhalation (Rat) LC50: 15-16 mg/l4h <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Eye (Rodent - guinea pig): 10ug - Mild                           |
|                                 | Oral (Rat) LD50: 3000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 500mg/24H - Mild                          |
|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 50mg - Moderate                           |
|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>         |
|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 500mg - Mild                             |
|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup> |

## M-Bond 450 Part B

| methyl ethyl ketone                   | TOXICITY                                          | IRRITATION                                                       |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                       | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 6480 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>   | Eye (Human): 350ppm                                              |
|                                       | Inhalation (Mouse) LC50: 32 mg/L4h <sup>[2]</sup> | Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 80mg                                      |
|                                       | Oral (Rat) LD50: 2054 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>        | Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>         |
|                                       |                                                   | Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 14mg/24H - Mild                          |
|                                       |                                                   | Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 402mg/24H - Mild                         |
|                                       |                                                   | Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 500mg/24H - Moderate                     |
| dapsone                               | TOXICITY                                          | IRRITATION                                                       |
|                                       | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>  | Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>  |
|                                       | Oral (Rabbit) LD50; >250 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>     | Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup> |
| xylene                                | TOXICITY                                          | IRRITATION                                                       |
|                                       | Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1700 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>  | Eye (Human): 200ppm                                              |
|                                       | Inhalation (Rat) LC50: 5000 ppm4h <sup>[2]</sup>  | Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 5mg/24H - Severe                          |
|                                       | Oral (Mouse) LD50; 2119 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>      | Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 87mg - Mild                               |
|                                       |                                                   | Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>         |
|                                       |                                                   | Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 100% - Moderate                          |
|                                       |                                                   | Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 500mg/24H - Moderate                     |
| boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex | TOXICITY                                          | IRRITATION                                                       |
|                                       | dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>     | Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>         |
|                                       | Oral (Rat) LD50: 500 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>         | Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>        |

## Legend:

1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER                     | NOTE: Recent animal tests have confirmed that this material causes testicular atrophy and severe reproductive hazards. There have been no specific human studies, but the consistency of the animal experiments emphasizes that human exposure should be dramatically reduced.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| DAPSONE                                             | The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions. The significance of the contact allergen is not simply determined by its sensitisation potential: the distribution of the substance and the opportunities for contact with it are equally important. A weakly sensitising substance which is widely distributed can be a more important allergen than one with stronger sensitising potential with which few individuals come into contact. From a clinical point of view, substances are noteworthy if they produce an allergic test reaction in more than 1% of the persons tested.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| XYLENE                                              | Reproductive effector in rats<br>The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| BORON TRIFLUORIDE/ ETHYLAMINE COMPLEX               | The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.<br>The material may produce respiratory tract irritation, and result in damage to the lung including reduced lung function.<br>No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| M-Bond 450 Part B & ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER | For ethylene glycol monoalkyl ethers and their acetates (EGMAEs):<br>Typical members of this category are ethylene glycol propylene ether (EGPE), ethylene glycol butyl ether (EGBE) and ethylene glycol hexyl ether (EGHE) and their acetates.<br>EGMAEs are substrates for alcohol dehydrogenase isozyme ADH-3, which catalyzes the conversion of their terminal alcohols to aldehydes (which are transient metabolites). Further, rapid conversion of the aldehydes by aldehyde dehydrogenase produces alkoxyacetic acids, which are the predominant urinary metabolites of mono substituted glycol ethers.<br><b>Acute Toxicity:</b> Oral LD50 values in rats for all category members range from 739 (EGHE) to 3089 mg/kg bw (EGPE), with values increasing with decreasing molecular weight. Four to six hour acute inhalation toxicity studies were conducted for these chemicals in rats at the highest vapour concentrations practically achievable. Values range from LC0 > 85 ppm (508 mg/m3) for EGHE, LC50 > 400ppm (2620 mg/m3) for EGBEA to LC50 > 2132 ppm (9061 mg/m3) for EGPE. No lethality was observed for any of these materials under these conditions. Dermal LD50 values in rabbits range from 435 mg/kg bw (EGBE) to 1500 mg/kg bw (EGBEA). Overall these category members can be considered to be of low to moderate acute toxicity. All category members cause reversible irritation to skin and eyes, with EGBEA less irritating and EGHE more irritating than the other category members. EGPE and EGBE are not sensitisers in experimental animals or humans. Signs of acute toxicity in rats, mice and rabbits are consistent with haemolysis (with the exception of EGHE) and non-specific CNS depression typical of organic solvents in general. Alkoxyacetic acid metabolites, propoxyacetic acid (PAA) and butoxyacetic acid (BAA), are responsible for the red blood cell hemolysis. Signs of toxicity in humans deliberately ingesting cleaning fluids containing 9-22% EGBE are similar to those of rats, with the exception of haemolysis. Although decreased blood haemoglobin and/or haemoglobinuria were observed in some of the human cases, it is not clear if this was due to haemolysis or haemodilution as a result of administration of large volumes of fluid. Red blood cells of humans are many-fold more resistant to toxicity from EGPE and EGBE in vitro than those of rats.<br><b>Repeat dose toxicity:</b> The fact that the NOEL for repeated dose toxicity of EGBE is less than that of EGPE is consistent with red blood cells being more sensitive to EGBE than EGPE. Blood from mice, rats, hamsters, rabbits and baboons were sensitive to the effects of BAA in vitro and displayed similar responses, which included erythrocyte swelling (increased haematocrit and mean corpuscular hemoglobin), followed by hemolysis. Blood from humans, pigs, dogs, cats, and guinea pigs was less sensitive to haemolysis by BAA in vitro.<br><b>Mutagenicity:</b> In the absence and presence of metabolic activation, EGBE tested negative for mutagenicity in Ames tests conducted in S. typhimurium strains TA97, TA98, TA100, TA1535 and TA1537 and EGHE tested negative in strains TA98, TA100, TA1535, TA1537 and TA1538. In vitro cytogenetic and sister chromatid exchange assays with EGBE and EGHE in Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells with and without |

|                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                        | <p>metabolic activation and in vivo micronucleus tests with EGBE in rats and mice were negative, indicating that these glycol ethers are not genotoxic.</p> <p><b>Carcinogenicity:</b> In a 2-year inhalation chronic toxicity and carcinogenicity study with EGBE in rats and mice a significant increase in the incidence of liver haemangiosarcomas was seen in male mice and forestomach tumours in female mice. It was decided that based on the mode of action data available, there was no significant hazard for human carcinogenicity</p> <p><b>Reproductive and developmental toxicity.</b> The results of reproductive and developmental toxicity studies indicate that the glycol ethers in this category are not selectively toxic to the reproductive system or developing fetus, developmental toxicity is secondary to maternal toxicity. The repeated dose toxicity studies in which reproductive organs were examined indicate that the members of this category are not associated with toxicity to reproductive organs (including the testes).</p> <p>Results of the developmental toxicity studies conducted via inhalation exposures during gestation periods on EGPE (rabbits -125, 250, 500 ppm or 531, 1062, or 2125 mg/m3 and rats - 100, 200, 300, 400 ppm or 425, 850, 1275, or 1700 mg/m3), EGBE (rat and rabbit - 25, 50, 100, 200 ppm or 121, 241, 483, or 966 mg/m3), and EGHE (rat and rabbit - 20.8, 41.4, 79.2 ppm or 124, 248, or 474 mg/m3) indicate that the members of the category are not teratogenic.</p> <p>The NOAELs for developmental toxicity are greater than 500 ppm or 2125 mg/m3 (rabbit-EGPE), 100 ppm or 425 mg/m3 (rat-EGPE), 50 ppm or 241 mg/m3 (rat EGBE) and 100 ppm or 483 mg/m3 (rabbit EGBE) and greater than 79.2 ppm or 474 mg/m3 (rat and rabbit-EGHE).</p> |
| M-Bond 450 Part B & METHYL ETHYL KETONE                                                                | Methyl ethyl ketone is considered to have a low order of toxicity; however, methyl ethyl ketone is often used in combination with other solvents and the mixture may have greater toxicity than either solvent alone. Combinations of n-hexane with methyl ethyl ketone, and also methyl n-butyl ketone with methyl ethyl ketone may result in an increased in peripheral neuropathy, a progressive disorder of the nerves of the extremities. Combinations with chloroform also show an increase in toxicity.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER & METHYL ETHYL KETONE & XYLENE & BORON TRIFLUORIDE/ ETHYLAMINE COMPLEX | The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| METHYL ETHYL KETONE & BORON TRIFLUORIDE/ ETHYLAMINE COMPLEX                                            | Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a non-atopic individual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. Other criteria for diagnosis of RADS include a reversible airflow pattern on lung function tests, moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing, and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia. RADS (or asthma) following an irritating inhalation is an infrequent disorder with rates related to the concentration of and duration of exposure to the irritating substance. On the other hand, industrial bronchitis is a disorder that occurs as a result of exposure due to high concentrations of irritating substance (often particles) and is completely reversible after exposure ceases. The disorder is characterized by difficulty breathing, cough and mucus production.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| DAPSONE & XYLENE                                                                                       | The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3:<br><b>NOT</b> classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.<br>Evidence of carcinogenicity may be inadequate or limited in animal testing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

|                                   |   |                          |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---|
| Acute Toxicity                    | ✓ | Carcinogenicity          | ✗ |
| Skin Irritation/Corrosion         | ✗ | Reproductivity           | ✓ |
| Serious Eye Damage/Irritation     | ✓ | STOT - Single Exposure   | ✓ |
| Respiratory or Skin sensitisation | ✗ | STOT - Repeated Exposure | ✓ |
| Mutagenicity                      | ✗ | Aspiration Hazard        | ✗ |

Legend:

✗ – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

|                                 |               |                    |                               |                     |               |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Toxicity                        |               |                    |                               |                     |               |
| M-Bond 450 Part B               | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value               | Source        |
|                                 | Not Available | Not Available      | Not Available                 | Not Available       | Not Available |
| ethylene glycol monoethyl ether | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value               | Source        |
|                                 | EC50          | 72h                | Algae or other aquatic plants | >1000mg/l           | 1             |
|                                 | EC50          | 48h                | Crustacea                     | 1081.68-3515.46mg/L | 4             |
|                                 | EC50(ECx)     | 96h                | Crustacea                     | >0.1mg/l            | 1             |
|                                 | LC50          | 96h                | Fish                          | >10000mg/l          | 2             |
| methyl ethyl ketone             | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value               | Source        |
|                                 | EC50          | 72h                | Algae or other aquatic plants | 1220mg/l            | 2             |
|                                 | EC50          | 48h                | Crustacea                     | 308mg/l             | 2             |
|                                 | EC50          | 96h                | Algae or other aquatic plants | >500mg/L            | 4             |
|                                 | NOEC(ECx)     | 48h                | Crustacea                     | 68mg/l              | 2             |
|                                 | LC50          | 96h                | Fish                          | >324mg/L            | 4             |
| dapsone                         | Endpoint      | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value               | Source        |
|                                 | EC50          | 72h                | Algae or other aquatic plants | ~0.52mg/l           | 2             |
|                                 | LC50          | 96h                | Fish                          | >100mg/l            | 2             |
|                                 | NOEC(ECx)     | 504h               | Crustacea                     | 0.22mg/l            | 2             |

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| xylene                                | Endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value     | Source |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|--------|
|                                       | EC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 72h                | Algae or other aquatic plants | 4.6mg/l   | 2      |
|                                       | EC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 48h                | Crustacea                     | 1.8mg/l   | 2      |
|                                       | NOEC(ECx)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 73h                | Algae or other aquatic plants | 0.44mg/l  | 2      |
|                                       | LC50                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 96h                | Fish                          | 2.6mg/l   | 2      |
| boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex | Endpoint                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Test Duration (hr) | Species                       | Value     | Source |
|                                       | NOEC(ECx)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 192h               | Algae or other aquatic plants | ~5.75mg/l | 2      |
| <b>Legend:</b>                        | Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 4. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 5. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 6. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. Vendor Data |                    |                               |           |        |

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment wash-waters.

Wastes resulting from use of the product must be disposed of on site or at approved waste sites.

For Aromatic Substances Series:

Environmental Fate: Large, molecularly complex polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, or PAHs, are persistent in the environment longer than smaller PAHs.

Atmospheric Fate: PAHs are 'semi-volatile substances' which can move between the atmosphere and the Earth's surface in repeated, temperature-driven cycles of deposition and volatilization. Terrestrial Fate: BTEX compounds have the potential to move through soil and contaminate ground water, and their vapors are highly flammable and explosive.

Ecotoxicity - Within an aromatic series, acute toxicity increases with increasing alkyl substitution on the aromatic nucleus. The order of most toxic to least in a study using grass shrimp and brown shrimp was dimethylnaphthalenes > methylnaphthalenes > naphthalenes. Anthracene is a phototoxic PAH. UV light greatly increases the toxicity of anthracene to bluegill sunfish. Biological resources in strong sunlight are at more risk than those that are not. PAHs in general are more frequently associated with chronic risks.

For Ethelene Glycol Monoalkyl Ethers and their Acetates:

log BCF: 0.463 to 0.732;

LC50 : 94 to > 5000 mg/L. (aquatic species).

Members of this category include ethylene glycol propyl ether (EGPE), ethylene glycol butyl ether (EGBE) and ethylene glycol hexyl ether (EGHE).

Environmental Fate: Aquatic Fate - The ethers possess no functional groups that are readily subject to hydrolysis in the presence of waters. The acetates possess an ester group that hydrolyses in neutral ambient water under abiotic conditions. Will partition predominately to water and, to a lesser extent, to air and soil. Soil - Highly mobile in soil.

Ecotoxicity: Ethelene glycol monoalkyl ethers and their acetates are readily biodegradable. The physical chemistry and environmental fate properties indicate that category members will not persist or bioconcentrate in the environment. Glycol ether acetates do not hydrolyze rapidly into their corresponding glycol ethers in water under environmental conditions. Glycol ether acetates are not acutely toxic to fish, specifically, zebra fish, rainbow trout and water fleas. Population changes were noted in freshwater and green algae species.

For Methyl Ethyl Ketone:

log Kow: 0.26-0.69;

log Koc: 0.69;

Koc: 34;

Half-life (hr) air: 2.3;

Half-life (hr) H2O surface water: 72-288;

Henry's atm m3/mol: 1.05E-05;

BOD 5: 1.5-2.24, 46%;

COD: 2.2-2.31, 100%;

ThOD: 2.44;

BCF: 1.

Environmental Fate: Terrestrial Fate - Measured Koc values of 29 and 34 were obtained for methyl ethyl ketone in silt loams. Methyl ethyl ketone is expected to have very high mobility in soil. Volatilization of methyl ethyl ketone from moist and dry soil surfaces is expected. The volatilization half-life of methyl ethyl ketone from silt and sandy loams was measured as 4.9 days. Methyl ethyl ketone is expected to biodegrade under both aerobic and anaerobic conditions.

Aquatic Fate: Methyl ethyl ketone is not expected to adsorb to suspended solids and sediment in water and is expected to volatilize from water surfaces. Estimated half-lives for a model river and model lake are 19 and 197, hours respectively. Bioconcentration is expected to be low in aquatic systems.

Atmospheric Fate: Methyl ethyl ketone will exist solely as a vapour in the ambient atmosphere. Vapour-phase methyl ethyl ketone is degraded in the atmosphere by reaction with photochemically-produced hydroxyl radicals; the half-life for this reaction in air is estimated to be about 14 days. Methyl ethyl ketone is also expected to undergo photodecomposition in the atmosphere by natural sunlight.

Ecotoxicity: Methyl ethyl ketone is not acutely toxic to fish, specifically, bluegill sunfish, guppy, goldfish, fathead minnow, mosquito fish, Daphnia magna water fleas and brine shrimp.

For Fluorides: Small amounts of fluoride have beneficial effects however; excessive intake over long periods may cause dental and/or skeletal fluorosis. Fluorides are absorbed by humans following inhalation of workplace and ambient air that has been contaminated, ingestion of drinking water and foods and dermal contact. Populations living in areas with high fluoride levels in groundwater may be exposed to higher levels of fluorides in their drinking water or in beverages prepared with the water. Among these populations, outdoor labourers, people living in hot climates, and people with excessive thirst will generally have the greatest daily intake of fluorides because they consume greater amounts of water.

Atmospheric Fate: Both hydrogen fluoride and particulate fluorides will be transported in the atmosphere and deposited on land or water by wet and dry deposition. Non-volatile inorganic fluoride particulates are removed from the atmosphere via condensation or nucleation processes. Fluorides adsorbed on particulate matter in the atmosphere are generally stable and are not readily hydrolyzed, although they may be degraded by radiation if they persist in the atmosphere. Fluorine and the silicon fluorides (fluosilicates, silicofluorides) are hydrolyzed in the atmosphere to form hydrogen fluoride. Hydrogen fluoride may combine with water vapour to produce an aerosol or fog of aqueous hydrofluoric acid. Inorganic fluoride compounds, with the exception of sulfur hexafluoride, are not expected to remain in the troposphere for long periods or to migrate to the stratosphere. Estimates of the residence time of sulfur hexafluoride in the atmosphere range from 500 to several thousand years. Fluoride in aerosols can be transported over large distances by wind or as a result of atmospheric turbulence. Fluorosilicic acid and hydrofluoric acid in high aquatic concentrations such as may be found in industrial waste ponds may volatilize, releasing silicon tetrafluoride and hydrogen fluoride into the atmosphere. Soluble inorganic fluorides may also form aerosols at the air/water interface or vaporize into the atmosphere whereas undissolved species generally undergo sedimentation.

Terrestrial Fate: Soils - Atmospheric fluorides may be transported to soils and surface waters through both wet and dry deposition processes where they may form complexes and bind strongly to soil and sediment. Solubilisation of inorganic fluorides from minerals may also be enhanced by the presence of bentonite clays and humic acid. Factors that influence the mobility of inorganic fluorides in soil are pH and the formation of aluminium and calcium complexes. In more acidic soils, concentrations of inorganic fluoride were considerably higher in the deeper horizons. The low affinity of fluorides for organic material results in leaching from the more acidic surface horizon and increased retention by clay minerals and silts in the more alkaline, deeper horizons. The maximum adsorption of fluoride to soil was reported to occur at pH 5.5. In acidic soils with pH below 6, most of the fluoride is in complexes with either aluminium or iron. Fluoride in alkaline soils at pH 6.5 and above is almost completely fixed in soils as calcium fluoride, if sufficient calcium carbonate is available. Fluoride is extremely immobile in soil.

Aquatic Fate: Fresh Water: - In water, the transport and transformation of inorganic fluorides are influenced by pH, water hardness and the presence of ion-exchange materials such as clays. In natural water, fluoride forms strong complexes with aluminium in water, and fluorine chemistry in water is largely regulated by aluminium concentration and pH. Below pH 5, fluoride is almost entirely complexed with aluminium and consequently, the concentration of free F<sup>-</sup> is low. Once dissolved, inorganic fluorides remain in solution under conditions of low pH and hardness and in the presence of ion-exchange material. Sea Water - Fluoride forms stable complexes with calcium and magnesium, which are present in sea water. Calcium carbonate precipitation dominates the removal of dissolved fluoride from sea water. The residence time for fluoride in ocean sediment is calculated to be 2-3 million years.

Ecotoxicity: Fluorides have been shown to accumulate in animals that consume fluoride-containing foliage. However, accumulation is primarily in skeletal tissue and therefore, it is unlikely that fluoride will biomagnify up the food chain.

For Xylenes:

log Koc : 2.05-3.08; Koc : 25.4-204; Half-life (hr) air : 0.24-42; Half-life (hr) H2O surface water : 24-672; Half-life (hr) H2O ground : 336-8640; Half-life (hr) soil : 52-672; Henry's Pa m3/mol : 637-879; Henry's atm m3/mol : 7.68E-03; BOD 5 if unstated : 1.4,1%; COD : 2.56,13% ThOD : 3.125 : BCF : 23; log BCF : 1.17-2.41.

Environmental Fate: Most xylenes released to the environment will occur in the atmosphere and volatilisation is the dominant environmental fate process. Soil - Xylenes are expected to have moderate mobility in soil evaporating rapidly from soil surfaces. The extent of the degradation is expected to depend on its concentration, residence time in the soil, the nature of the soil, and whether resident microbial populations have been acclimated. Xylene can remain below the soil surface for several days and may travel through

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the soil profile and enter groundwater. Soil and water microbes may transform it into other, less harmful compounds, although this happens slowly. It is not clear how long xylene remains trapped deep underground in soil or groundwater, but it may be months or years.

**Atmospheric Fate:** Xylene evaporates quickly into the air from surface soil and water and can remain in the air for several days until it is broken down by sunlight into other less harmful chemicals. In the ambient atmosphere, xylenes are expected to exist solely in the vapour phase. Xylenes are degraded in the atmosphere with an estimated atmospheric lifetime of about 0.5 to 2 days. Xylene may contribute to photochemical smog formation. p-Xylene has a moderately high photochemical reactivity under smog conditions, higher than the other xylene isomers. The photooxidation of p-xylene results in the production of carbon monoxide, formaldehyde, glyoxal, methylglyoxal, 3-methylbenzyl nitrate, m-tolualdehyde, 4-nitro-3-xylene, 5-nitro-3-xylene, 2,6-dimethyl-p-benzoquinone, 2,4-dimethylphenol, 6-nitro-2,4-dimethylphenol, 2,6-dimethylphenol, and 4-nitro-2,6-dimethylphenol.

**Aquatic Fate:** p-xylene may adsorb to suspended solids and sediment in water and is expected to volatilise from water surfaces. Estimated volatilisation half-lives for a model river and model lake are 3 hours and 4 days, respectively. Measurements taken from goldfish, eels and clams indicate that bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low. Photo-oxidation in the presence of humic acids may play an important role in the abiotic degradation of p-xylene. p-Xylene is biodegradable and has been observed to degrade in pond water however; it is unclear if it degrades in surface waters. p-Xylene has been observed to degrade in anaerobic and aerobic groundwater; however, it is known to persist for many years in groundwater, at least at sites where the concentration might have been quite high. **Ecotoxicity:** Xylenes are slightly toxic to fathead minnow, rainbow trout and bluegill and not acutely toxic to water fleas. For Photobacterium phosphoreum EC50 (24 h): 0.0084 mg/L. and Gammarus lacustris LC50 (48 h): 0.6 mg/L.

**For Glycol Ethers:**

**Environmental Fate:** Several glycol ethers have been shown to biodegrade however; biodegradation slows as molecular weight increases. No glycol ethers that have been tested demonstrate marked resistance to biodegradative processes. No glycol ethers that have been tested demonstrate marked resistance to biodegradative processes.

**Atmospheric Fate:** Upon release to the atmosphere by evaporation, high boiling glycol ethers are estimated to undergo photo-degradation (atmospheric half lives = 2.4-2.5 hr).

**Aquatic Fate:** In water, glycol ethers undergo biodegradation (typically 47-92% after 8-21 days) and have a low potential for bioaccumulation (log Kow ranges from -1.73 to +0.51).

**Ecotoxicity:** Tri- and tetra ethylene glycol ethers are "practically non-toxic" to aquatic species. No major differences are observed in the order of toxicity going from the methyl- to the butyl ethers. Glycols exert a high oxygen demand for decomposition and once released to the environment death of aquatic organisms occurs if dissolved oxygen is depleted.

**For Ketones:** Ketones, unless they are alpha, beta--unsaturated ketones, can be considered as narcosis or baseline toxicity compounds.

**Aquatic Fate:** Hydrolysis of ketones in water is thermodynamically favourable only for low molecular weight ketones. Reactions with water are reversible with no permanent change in the structure of the ketone substrate. Ketones are stable to water under ambient environmental conditions. When pH levels are greater than 10, condensation reactions can occur which produce higher molecular weight products. Under ambient conditions of temperature, pH, and low concentration, these condensation reactions are unfavourable. Based on its reactions in air, it seems likely that ketones undergo photolysis in water.

**Terrestrial Fate:** It is probable that ketones will be biodegraded by micro-organisms in soil and water.

**Ecotoxicity:** Ketones are unlikely to bioconcentrate or biomagnify.

**DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.**

### Persistence and degradability

| Ingredient                      | Persistence: Water/Soil     | Persistence: Air             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| ethylene glycol monoethyl ether | LOW (Half-life = 56 days)   | Not Available                |
| methyl ethyl ketone             | LOW (Half-life = 14 days)   | LOW (Half-life = 26.75 days) |
| dapsone                         | HIGH                        | HIGH                         |
| xylene                          | HIGH (Half-life = 360 days) | LOW (Half-life = 1.83 days)  |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Ingredient                      | Bioaccumulation      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| ethylene glycol monoethyl ether | LOW (LogKOW = -0.32) |
| methyl ethyl ketone             | LOW (LogKOW = 0.29)  |
| dapsone                         | LOW (LogKOW = 0.97)  |
| xylene                          | MEDIUM (BCF = 740)   |

### Mobility in soil

| Ingredient                      | Mobility                 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| ethylene glycol monoethyl ether | HIGH (Log KOC = 1)       |
| methyl ethyl ketone             | MEDIUM (Log KOC = 3.827) |
| dapsone                         | LOW (Log KOC = 1272)     |

### Endocrine disrupting properties

No evidence of endocrine disrupting properties were found in the current literature.

### Other adverse effects

No evidence of ozone depleting properties were found in the current literature.

## SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

|                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product / Packaging disposal | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.</li> <li>Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible.</li> </ul> <p>Otherwise:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill.</li> <li>Where possible retain label warnings and SDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.</li> </ul> <p>Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.</p> <p>A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reduction</li> <li>Reuse</li> <li>Recycling</li> <li>Disposal (if all else fails)</li> </ul> <p>This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.</b></li> <li>It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.</li> <li>In all cases disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws and regulations and these should be considered first.</li> </ul> |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

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- ▶ Where in doubt contact the responsible authority.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible.
- ▶ Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- ▶ Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or Incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).
- ▶ Decontaminate empty containers. Observe all label safeguards until containers are cleaned and destroyed.

## SECTION 14 Transport information

## Labels Required

|                  |                                                                                   |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                  |  |
| Marine Pollutant | NO                                                                                |

## Land transport (UN)

|                                    |                                                                                                                               |                    |                |                   |                |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| 14.1. UN number or ID number       | 1133                                                                                                                          |                    |                |                   |                |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name      | ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid                                                                                         |                    |                |                   |                |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)   | <table> <tr> <td>Class</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr> <td>Subsidiary Hazard</td><td>Not Applicable</td></tr> </table>               | Class              | 3              | Subsidiary Hazard | Not Applicable |
| Class                              | 3                                                                                                                             |                    |                |                   |                |
| Subsidiary Hazard                  | Not Applicable                                                                                                                |                    |                |                   |                |
| 14.4. Packing group                | II                                                                                                                            |                    |                |                   |                |
| 14.5. Environmental hazard         | Not Applicable                                                                                                                |                    |                |                   |                |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | <table> <tr> <td>Special provisions</td><td>Not Applicable</td></tr> <tr> <td>Limited quantity</td><td>5 L</td></tr> </table> | Special provisions | Not Applicable | Limited quantity  | 5 L            |
| Special provisions                 | Not Applicable                                                                                                                |                    |                |                   |                |
| Limited quantity                   | 5 L                                                                                                                           |                    |                |                   |                |

## Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

|                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------|------------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 14.1. UN number                                           | 1133                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name                             | Adhesives containing flammable liquid                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)                          | <table> <tr> <td>ICAO/IATA Class</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr> <td>ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard</td><td>Not Applicable</td></tr> <tr> <td>ERG Code</td><td>3L</td></tr> </table>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | ICAO/IATA Class    | 3  | ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard   | Not Applicable | ERG Code                      | 3L   |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| ICAO/IATA Class                                           | 3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard                             | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| ERG Code                                                  | 3L                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| 14.4. Packing group                                       | II                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| 14.5. Environmental hazard                                | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user                        | <table> <tr> <td>Special provisions</td><td>A3</td></tr> <tr> <td>Cargo Only Packing Instructions</td><td>364</td></tr> <tr> <td>Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack</td><td>60 L</td></tr> <tr> <td>Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions</td><td>353</td></tr> <tr> <td>Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack</td><td>5 L</td></tr> <tr> <td>Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions</td><td>Y341</td></tr> <tr> <td>Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack</td><td>1 L</td></tr> </table> | Special provisions | A3 | Cargo Only Packing Instructions | 364            | Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack | 60 L | Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions | 353 | Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack | 5 L | Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions | Y341 | Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack | 1 L |
| Special provisions                                        | A3                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| Cargo Only Packing Instructions                           | 364                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack                             | 60 L                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions                  | 353                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack                    | 5 L                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions | Y341                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |
| Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack            | 1 L                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                    |    |                                 |                |                               |      |                                          |     |                                        |     |                                                           |      |                                                |     |

## Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

|                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------|------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----|
| 14.1. UN number                    | 1133                                                                                                                                                                           |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name      | ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid                                                                                                                                          |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)   | <table> <tr> <td>IMDG Class</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr> <td>IMDG Subsidiary Hazard</td><td>Not Applicable</td></tr> </table>                                                      | IMDG Class | 3        | IMDG Subsidiary Hazard | Not Applicable |                    |     |
| IMDG Class                         | 3                                                                                                                                                                              |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
| IMDG Subsidiary Hazard             | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                 |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
| 14.4. Packing group                | II                                                                                                                                                                             |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
| 14.5. Environmental hazard         | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                 |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
| 14.6. Special precautions for user | <table> <tr> <td>EMS Number</td><td>F-E, S-D</td></tr> <tr> <td>Special provisions</td><td>Not Applicable</td></tr> <tr> <td>Limited Quantities</td><td>5 L</td></tr> </table> | EMS Number | F-E, S-D | Special provisions     | Not Applicable | Limited Quantities | 5 L |
| EMS Number                         | F-E, S-D                                                                                                                                                                       |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
| Special provisions                 | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                 |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |
| Limited Quantities                 | 5 L                                                                                                                                                                            |            |          |                        |                |                    |     |

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

## 14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

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## 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

| Product name                          | Group          |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ethylene glycol monoethyl ether       | Not Applicable |
| methyl ethyl ketone                   | Not Applicable |
| dapsone                               | Not Applicable |
| xylene                                | Not Applicable |
| boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex | Not Applicable |

## 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

| Product name                          | Ship Type      |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| ethylene glycol monoethyl ether       | Not Applicable |
| methyl ethyl ketone                   | Not Applicable |
| dapsone                               | Not Applicable |
| xylene                                | Not Applicable |
| boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex | Not Applicable |

## SECTION 15 Regulatory information

## Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## ethylene glycol monoethyl ether is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List  
 Japan Chemical Substances Control Law - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Chemical Substances Control Law - Type II Monitoring Chemical Substances (before amendment)  
 Japan Fire Service Law - Designated Flammable Materials (Japanese)  
 Japan GHS Classifications (Japanese)  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Dangerous Substances  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Dangerous Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Organic Solvents  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Substances for which SDS/Labels are required  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA): Chemical Substances That Cause Skin Disorders And Substances for Which the Use of Impermeable Protective Equipment is Mandatory Based on Special Regulations (Japanese)  
 Japan Occupational Exposure Limits  
 Japan PRTR Law (Effective from April 1, 2023)  
 Japan Working Environment Evaluation Standards

## methyl ethyl ketone is found on the following regulatory lists

Japan Chemical Substances Control Law - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL) Canceled Priority Assessment Chemical Substances  
 Japan Fire Service Law - Designated Flammable Materials (Japanese)  
 Japan GHS Classifications (Japanese)  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Dangerous Substances  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Dangerous Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Organic Solvents  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Substances for which SDS/Labels are required  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA): Chemical Substances That Cause Skin Disorders And Substances for Which the Use of Impermeable Protective Equipment is Mandatory Based on Special Regulations (Japanese)  
 Japan Occupational Exposure Limits  
 Japan Occupational Exposure Limits - Provisional Values  
 Japan Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law - Cabinet Order 2-94 (Article 2) Deleterious Substances except for those that are poisonous.  
 Japan Working Environment Evaluation Standards

## dapsone is found on the following regulatory lists

FEI Equine Prohibited Substances List - Banned Substances  
 FEI Equine Prohibited Substances List (EPSL)  
 International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic  
 International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)  
 Japan Chemical Substances Control Law - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan GHS Classifications (Japanese)  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Substances for which SDS/Labels are required  
 Japan Occupational Exposure Limits  
 Japan Occupational Exposure Limits for Dusts  
 Japan Working Environment Evaluation Standards

## xylene is found on the following regulatory lists

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Not Classified as Carcinogenic  
 Japan Chemical Substances Control Law - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Chemical Substances Control Law : Priority Assessment Chemical Substances  
 Japan Chemical Substances Control Law : Priority Assessment Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
 Japan Fire Service Law  
 Japan Fire Service Law - Designated Flammable Materials (Japanese)  
 Japan GHS Classifications (Japanese)

Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Dangerous Substances  
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Dangerous Substances (Japanese)  
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Organic Solvents  
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Substances for which SDS/Labels are required  
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA): Chemical Substances That Cause Skin Disorders And Substances for Which the Use of Impermeable Protective Equipment is Mandatory Based on Special Regulations (Japanese)  
Japan Occupational Exposure Limits  
Japan Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law - Cabinet Order 2-94 (Article 2) Deleterious Substances except for those that are poisonous.  
Japan PRTR Law (Effective from April 1, 2023)  
Japan Working Environment Evaluation Standards

boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex is found on the following regulatory lists

Japan Chemical Substances Control Law - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Corrosive Liquid  
Japan Industrial Safety and Health Act (ISHA) - Existing/Newly Announced Chemical Substances (Japanese)  
Japan PRTR Law (Effective from April 1, 2023)  
Japan Water Pollution Control Law - National Effluent Standards

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

|                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ISHA – Industrial Safety and Health Act                                                                                                                                                                | Labeling and Deliver of Documents, etc.<br>SDS required                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Cabinet Order Name                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Cabinet Order No                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether (synonym: Cellosolve)                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Attached table 2-264 of Ordinance  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Methyl ethyl ketone                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Attached table 2-2034 of Ordinance |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylsulfone                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Attached table 2-663 of Ordinance  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Xylene                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Attached table 2-426 of Ordinance  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Labeling, etc.                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Cabinet Order Name                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Cabinet Order No                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether (synonym: Cellosolve)                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Attached table 2-264 of Ordinance  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Methyl ethyl ketone                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Attached table 2-2034 of Ordinance |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 4,4'-Diaminodiphenylsulfone                                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Attached table 2-663 of Ordinance  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Xylene                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Attached table 2-426 of Ordinance  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Permission for Manufacturing                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Cabinet Order Name                                                                                                | Cabinet Order No                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Not Applicable                                                                                                    | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |
| Relevant Ordinances                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
| Dangerous Substances - Oxidising                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                   | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |
| Dangerous Substances - Flammable                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                   | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |
| Organic Chemical Substance                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                   | Class 2 Organic Solvent                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                    |
| Specified Chemical Substances                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                   | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |
| PRTR - Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Act on Confirmation, etc. of Release Amounts of Specific Chemical Substances in the Environment and Promotion of Improvements to the Management Thereof | Japan PRTR Law (Effective from April 1, 2023)                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Classification                                                                                                    | Cabinet Order Name                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Japan PRTR-SDS Number              |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | A class I Designated Chemical Substance                                                                           | Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 57                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | A class I Designated Chemical Substance                                                                           | Xylene                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 80                                 |
| PDSCL - Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act                                                                                                                                               | Not Applicable                                                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
| CSCL - Chemical Substances Control Law                                                                                                                                                                 | Priority Assessment Chemical Substances                                                                           | Xylene                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Class I Specified Chemical Substances                                                                             | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Class II Specified Chemical Substances                                                                            | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Monitoring Chemical Substances                                                                                    | Not Applicable                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                        | General Chemical Substances                                                                                       | 2-Ethoxyethanol, Alkylene(C=2-8) glycol monoalkyl(C=2-8) ether, Polyoxyalkylene (C 2-4,8) monoalkyl(or alkenyl) (C 1-24) ether (n=1-150), Alkyl(C=1-16) methyl ketone, Diaminodiphenylsulfone, Boron trifluoride alkyl(C=2-4) amine complex salt |                                    |
| Fire Service Law                                                                                                                                                                                       | No Data                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
| National Inventory                                                                                                                                                                                     | Status                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
| Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use                                                                                                                                                        | Yes                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
| Canada - DSL                                                                                                                                                                                           | Yes                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |
| Canada - NDSL                                                                                                                                                                                          | No (ethylene glycol monoethyl ether; methyl ethyl ketone; dapsone; xylene; boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex) |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                    |



| National Inventory                                | Status                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| China - IECSC                                     | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP                     | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Japan - ENCS                                      | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Korea - KECI                                      | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| New Zealand - NZIoC                               | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Philippines - PICCS                               | No (boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex)                                                                                                                                                        |
| USA - TSCA                                        | All chemical substances in this product have been designated as TSCA Inventory 'Active'                                                                                                           |
| Taiwan - TCSI                                     | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Mexico - INSQ                                     | No (boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex)                                                                                                                                                        |
| Vietnam - NCI                                     | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Russia - FBEPH                                    | Yes                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| UAE - Control List (Banned/Restricted Substances) | No (ethylene glycol monoethyl ether; methyl ethyl ketone; dapsone; xylene; boron trifluoride/ ethylamine complex)                                                                                 |
| Legend:                                           | Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory<br>No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration. |

SECTION 16 Other information

|               |            |
|---------------|------------|
| Revision Date | 03/04/2026 |
| Initial Date  | 11/30/2025 |

Other information

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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